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NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL Monterey, California



THESIS

REAL TIME SIMULATION AND CONTROL 3000 TON SURFACE EFFECT SHIP WITH NEGATIVE DRAG CHARACTERISTICS IN SEA STATE

by

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December 1980

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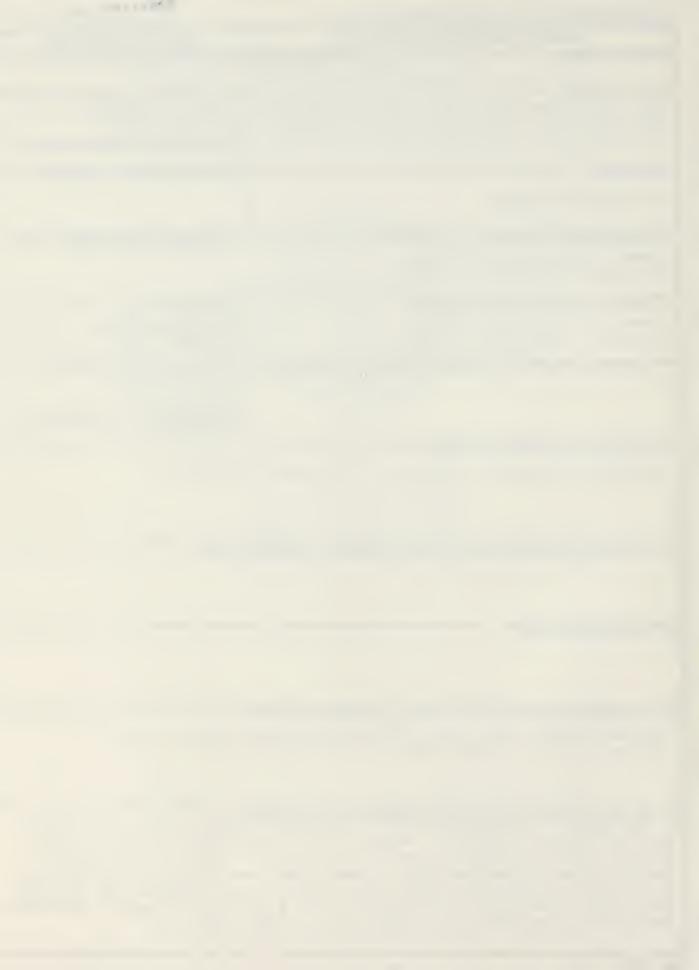
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The model of a Surface Effect Ship was refined to include simplified propulsion dynamics, negative drag characteristics, sea state effects and an autopilot for speed control. These design modifications were introduced into a real time, man controlled simulation of a 3000 ton Surface Effect Ship (3K-SES) in 5 degrees of freedom (RTS5D) and results were compared with a Data Base Program (DBSIM5D) based on towing tank data scaled up to model the ship.



Hardware and Software design changes were incorporated into the RTS5D model to provide a more accurate approximation of real time, a faster computer iteration time, and a broach condition warning if the operator exceeded certain thrust vectoring limits.

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Real Time Simulation and Control 3000 Ton Surface Effect Ship With Negative Drag Characteristics In Sea State

ЪУ

Lee Lewis Oliphant Lieutenant, Unite's States Navy B.S., University of Texas, 1976

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

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ABSTRACT

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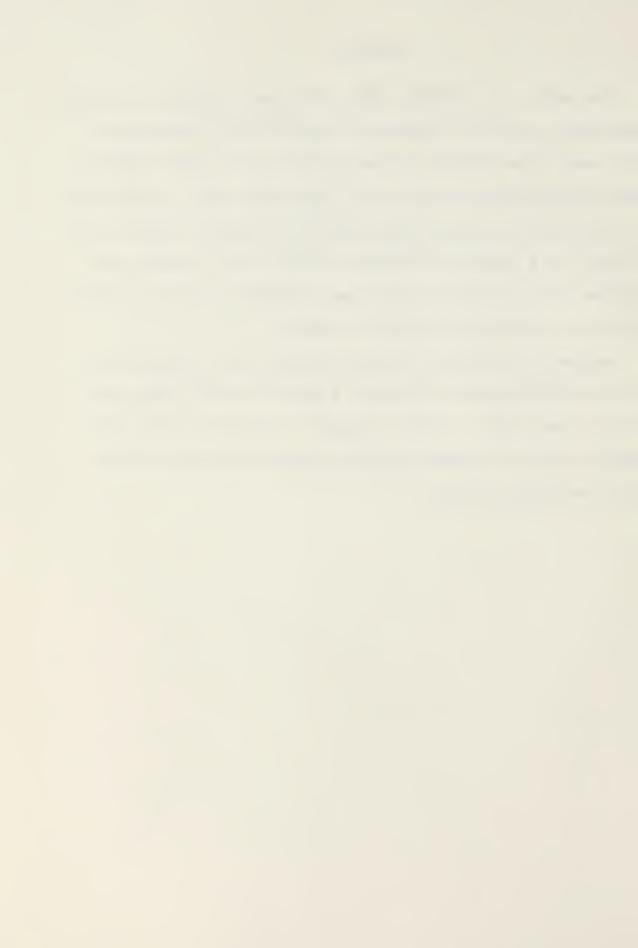
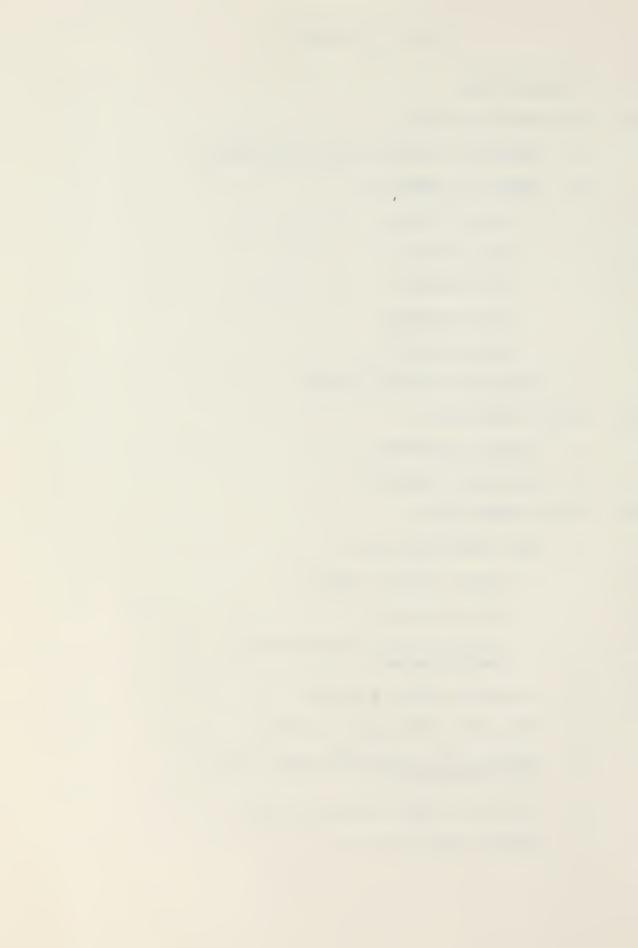
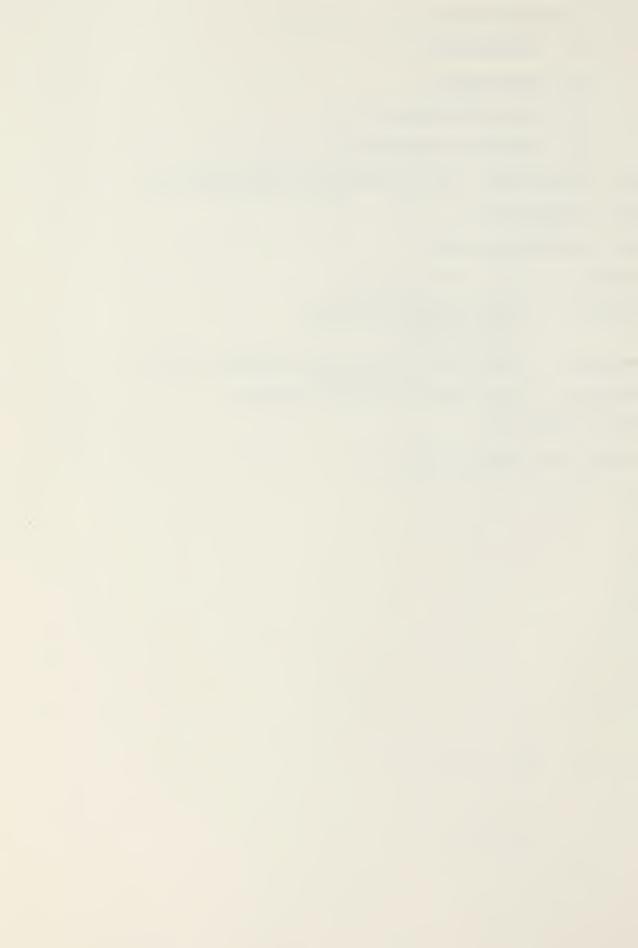


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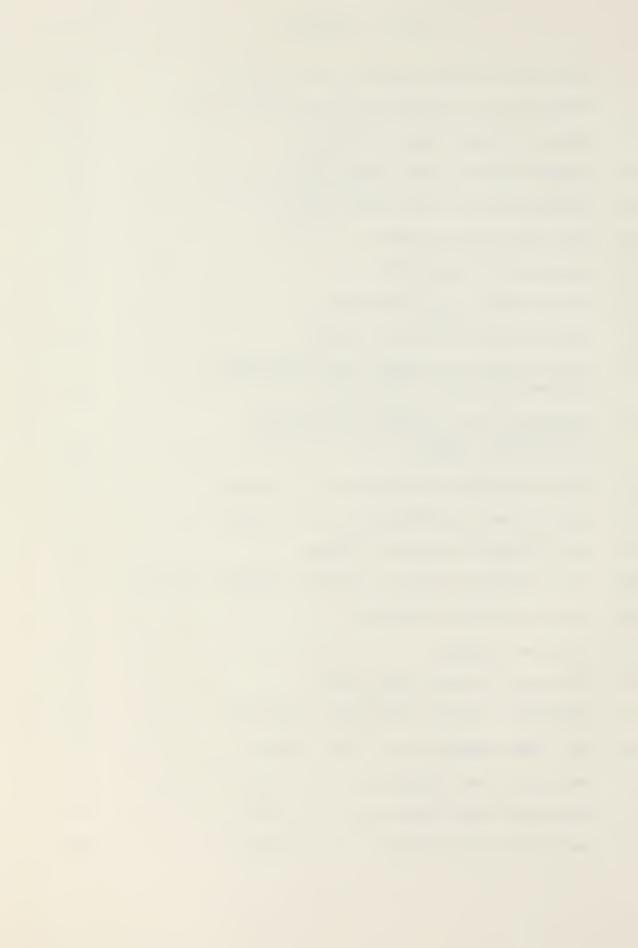


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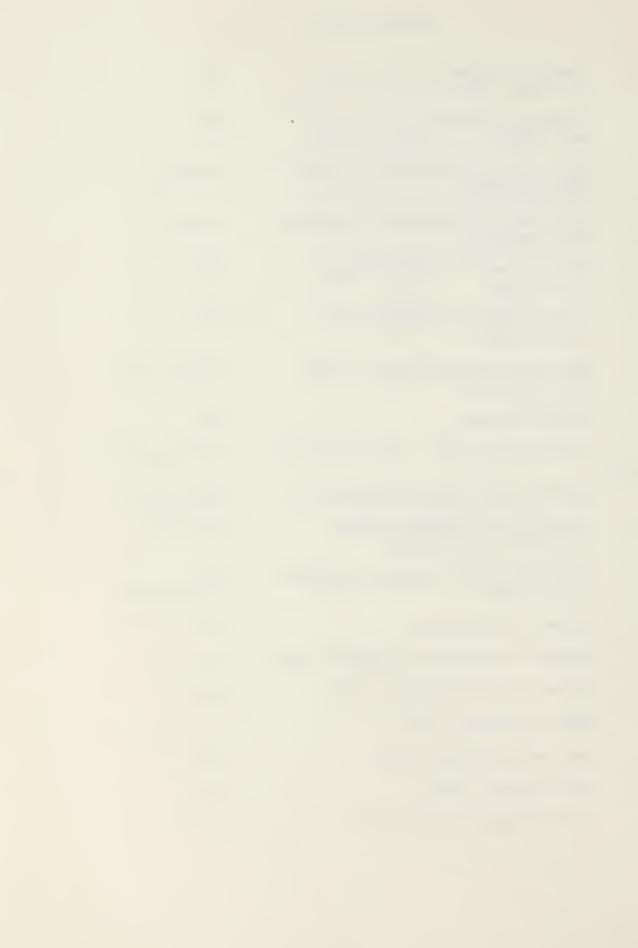
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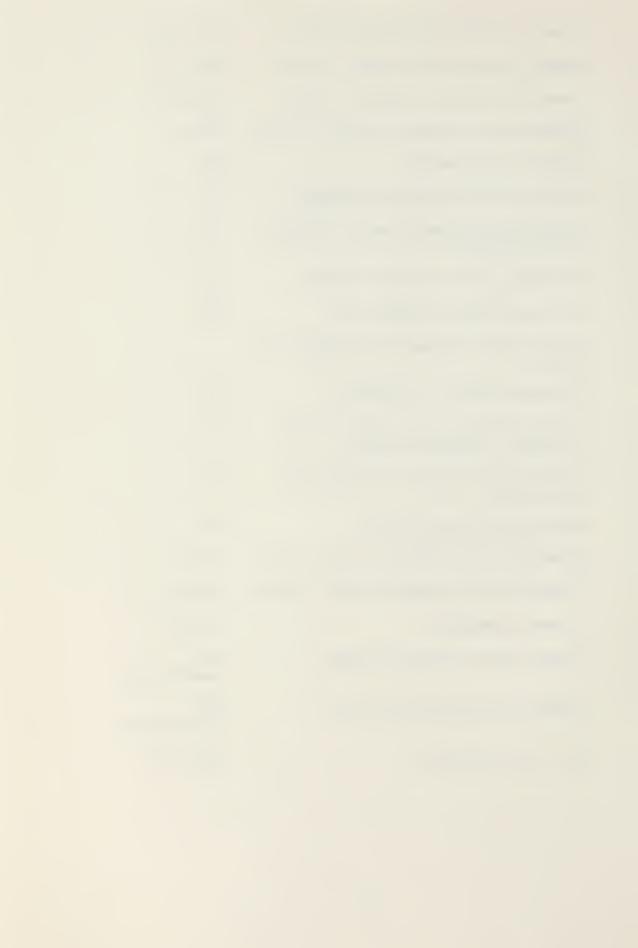


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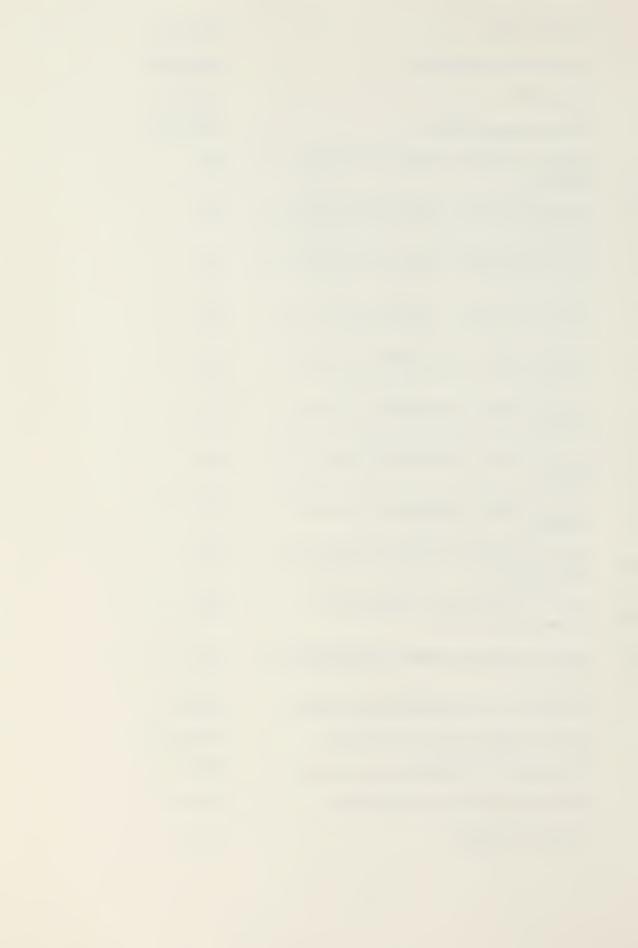
۸	A	2
Aws	Average sidewall wetted area, starboard side	ft ²
Awp	Average sidewall wetted area, port side	ft ²
A ₃₁	Added mass coefficient in roll force equation	ft-slug
A ₃₃	Added mass coefficient in pitch force equation	ft-slug
A _{w2}	Average wetted sidewall area of the bow	ft ²
A _{w1}	Average wetted sidewall area of the stern	ft ²
A ₂₂	Added mass coefficient in yaw force equation	slug s ² lb _f /
β	Sideslip angle	rad
C _{DX} (K)	Coefficients drag in x-direction	$1b_{f}s^{2}1b_{m}/ft^{2}$
CDY	Coefficient drag in y-direction	$1b_f s^2 1b_m / ft^2$
C _{DZP}	Sidewall roll moment lumped parameter coefficient	$1b_{f}s^{2}/ft^{2}$
CDP	Bow pitch force lumped parameter coefficient	non- dimensional
Fsw	Sidewall roll force	lbs
Fss	Sidewall starboard buoyancy force	1bs
Fsp	Sidewall port buoyancy force	1bs
F ₁	Stern buoyancy force	1bs
F ₂	Bow seal pitching force	1bs
F ₃	Bow buoyancy force	lbs
g	Gravitational acceleration	ft/s ²



IX	Moment of inertia about x-axis	slug ft ²
I _Y	Moment of intertia about y-axis	slug ft ²
IZ	Moment of inertia about z-axis	slug ft ²
K	Summation of moments about x-axis	lbs-ft
l _{sw}	Length of sidewall	ft
^l dp	Actual draft of port sidewall	ft
I W	x-direction displacement of hull drag centroid	ft
^l d ₁	Average draft of SES sidewall	ft
l d	Average draft of bow seal	ft
^l x	Length from center of gravity to stern	
^l x ₁	Average draft of widewall	ft
^l 31	Pitch moment lever arm for bow sidewall buoyance force	ft
^l 3	Pitch moment lever arm for bow seal force	ft
m	Mass of the rigid ship	ft
M	Summation of moments about y-axis	lbs-ft
N	Summation of moments about z-axis	lbs-ft
P _b	Plenum pressure	lbs-ft ²
p	Lumped drag centroid point	non- dimensional
p '	Lumped drag centroid point	non- dimensional
p p	Roll acceleration	rad/sec ²



q	Pitch rate	rad/sec
q	Pitch acceleration	rad/sec ²
r	Yaw rate	rad/sec
r	Yaw acceleration	rad/sec ²
s ₁	Turning moment lever arm of no. 1 engine	ft
s ₂	Turning moment lever arm of no. 2 engine	ft
s ₃	Turning moment lever arm of no. 3 engine	ft
s ₄	Turning moment lever arm of no. 4 engine	ft
T ₇	Total thrust magnitude on no. 1 engine	1bs
T ₈	Total thrust magnitude on no. 2 engine	1bs
T ₉	Total thrust magnitude on no. 3 engine	lbs
T ₁₀	Total thrust magnitude on no. 4 engine	1bs
^T forw	Total forward thrust vector of effectors	1bs
T _{side}	Total side thrust vector of effectors	1bs
Tyaw	Total turning moment generated by effectors	lbs ft
u	Velocity in x-direction (surge)	ft/sec
ů	Acceleration in x-direction	ft/sec ²
ν	Velocity in y-direction (sway)	ft/sec
v	Acceleration in y-direction	ft/sec ²
v _s	Total velocity	ft/sec .



^W e	Width of bow seal	ft
Х	Summation of forces in x-direction	1bs
Xo	X _{NAV} coordinate of SES	ft
X _o	X _{NAV} velocity of SES	ft/sec
Y	Summation of forces in y-direction	1bs
Yo	Y _{NAV} coordinates of SES	ft
Yo	Y _{NAV} velocity of SES	ft/sec
δ	Effector angle commanded	rad
δ 7	Effector angle of no. 1 nozzle	rad
δ8	Effector angle of no. 2 nozzle	rad
δ9	Effector angle of no. 3 nozzle	rad
δ ₁₀	Effector angle of no. 4 nozzle	rad
ψ	Heading angle of SES	rad
ф	Roll angle of SES	rad
θ	Pitch angle of SES	rad
ρ	Density of sea water	1bm/ft ³

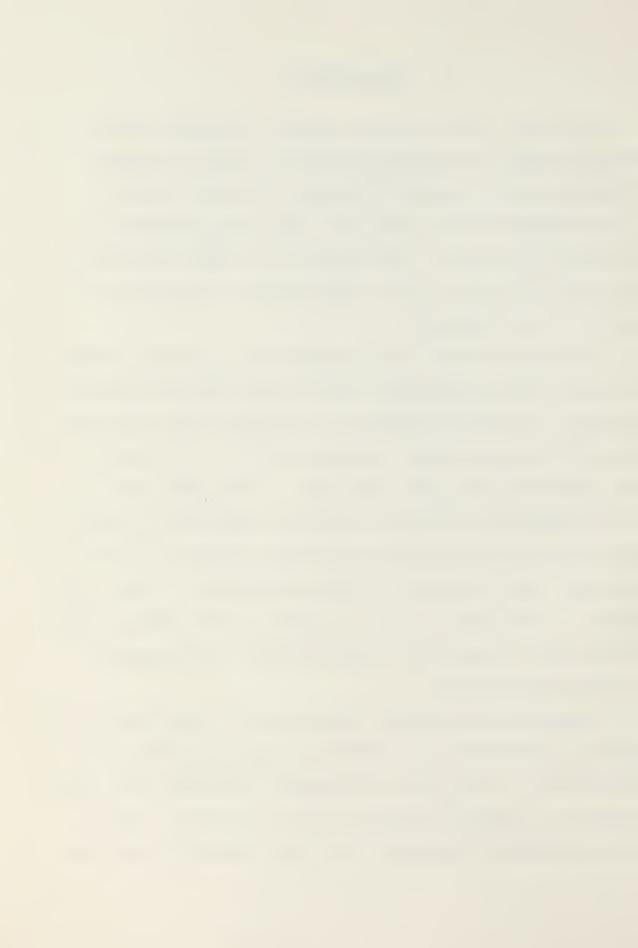


I. INTRODUCTION

Rising fuel costs, critical manpower shortages and an increasing need for rapid deployment of forces in defense of United States' interests throughout the world mandate the development of fuel efficient, high speed, minimum manned ships for the Navy. The Captured Air Buddle (CAB) Surface Effect Ship (SES) holds great promise in providing an answer to these problems.

A ship with minimum manning traveling at the high speeds envisioned for the SES would require highly skilled operator personnel. It would be necessary to provide these personnel with real time operational training similar to that which pilots receive in aircraft simulators. This would test the man in responding to failure situations that may be encountered during actual operation and train personnel in control techniques that are unique to SES type vehicles. A Real Time Simulator could also be used as a means to test hardware used in SES craft and provide a design tool for the development of future modifications.

A simplified, non-linear five degree of freedom Real Time Simulator (RTS5D) for the 3K-SES has been developed by T. S. Nelson [Ref. 1] such that a continuously observable real time solution is interfaced with man-generated control. Certain "man-in-the-loop" experiments have been conducted using the



RTS5D that have demonstrated limitations in that model. It was necessary to: 1) refine ship dynamics; 2) introduce simplified propulsion dynamics; 3) constrain thrust angle in order to remain within the bounds of programmed dynamic response (avoid broaching); 4) refine the software to provide faster computer iteration time; and 5) change the hardware to provide the operator with speed control as well as turning control.

Accordingly, changes have been made in the RTS5D model to more accurately reflect the nonlinear forward drag characteristics of the SES. A speed controller has been designed to allow operation of the 3K-SES within a speed range of 40-60 knots and limits have been placed on the thruster deflection angle in order to prevent broaching, a condition which is not allowed under the existing dynamic model. Software refinements have been incorporated to improve computer iteration time.



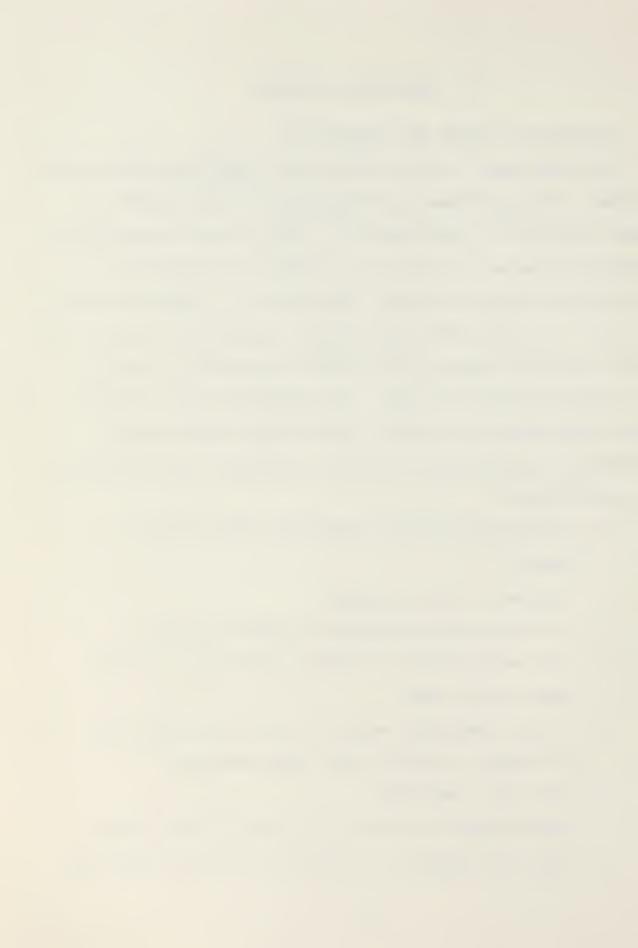
II. EQUATIONS OF MOTION

A. COORDINATE SYSTEMS AND ASSUMPTIONS

The RTS5D model of the 3K-SES used simplified equations of motion. For completeness of comparison the development of these equations is repeated here. The rational for requiring simplification was to start with differential equations of motion that could be utilized effectively in a real time simulation. To satisfy this requirement a model was selected that would use point source of drag forces consisting of only a few lumped-coefficient terms. The equations used are based upon those developed in Ref. 2 which follow this concept.

Additional assumptions used in the simplified 5 DOF equations were as follows:

- All accelerations are measured at the center of gravity.
- 2) Vehicle is "free-to-heave".
- 3) All cross coupled moments of inertia are zero.
- 4) All cross products of angular velocities in force equations are zero.
- 5) All roll and pitch angles used in force equations are subject to small angle approximations.
- 6) Calm water conditions.
- 7) Mass and mass distribution of vehicle are constant.
- 8) Effect of changes of aerodynamic force are neglected.



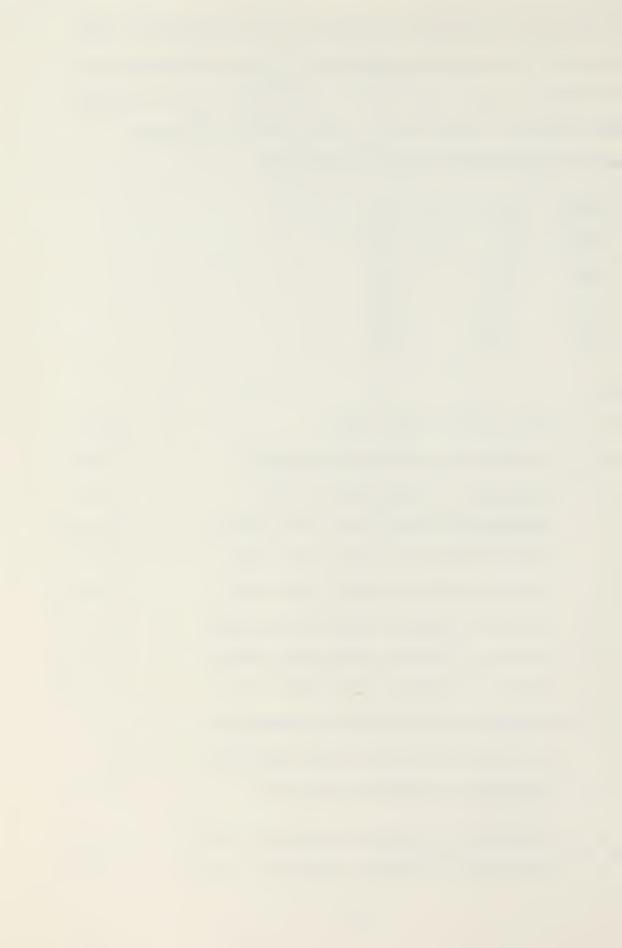
Utilizing the above assumptions, the simplified 5 DOF equations of motion are developed using the coordinate systems shown in Fig. 1 and Fig. 2, the force vector diagrams shown in Fig. 3, Fig. 4A, Fig. 4B, and the following equations from Newton's laws of motion:

SURGE
$$m(u - vr) = X$$

SWAY $m(v - ur) = Y$
YAW $I_Z r = N$
PITCH $I_Y q = M$
ROLL $I_X p = K$

where:

m	= mass of the rigid ship	t	slugs
u	= velocity in x-direction (SURGE)	1	ft/sec
ν	= velocity in y-direction (SWAY)	t	ft/sec
r	= angular velocity about the z-axis	t	deg/sec
р	= angular velocity about the x-axis	7	deg/sec
q	= angular velocity about the y-axis	1	deg/sec
IZ	= moment of inertia about the z-axis	t	$1b_{m}-ft^{2}$
I _Y	= moment of inertia about the y-axis	1	$1b_{m}-ft^{2}$
IX	= moment of inertia about the x-axis	1	$1b_{m}-ft^{2}$
Χ	= summation of forces in x-direction	*	1b _f
Y	= summation of forces in y-direction	*	1b _f
N	= summation of moments about the z-axis	1	ft-1b _f
M	= summation of moments about the y-axis	1	ft-1b _f
K	= summation of moments about the x-axis	1	ft-1b _f



Additionally the following navigation relationships are utilized (see Fig. 1).

$$X_0 = u \cos \psi - v \sin \psi$$

$$\dot{Y}_0 = u \sin \psi + v \cos \psi$$

$$v_s^2 = u^2 + v^2$$

$$\beta = \tan^{-1} (-v/u)$$

where:

 ψ = heading angle

 β = drift angle

 δ = thrust vector angle

Also,

$$X_0 = \int \dot{X}_0 dt$$

$$Y_0 = \int \dot{Y}_0 dt$$

$$r = \int r dt$$

$$p = \int p \, dt$$

$$q = \int q dt$$

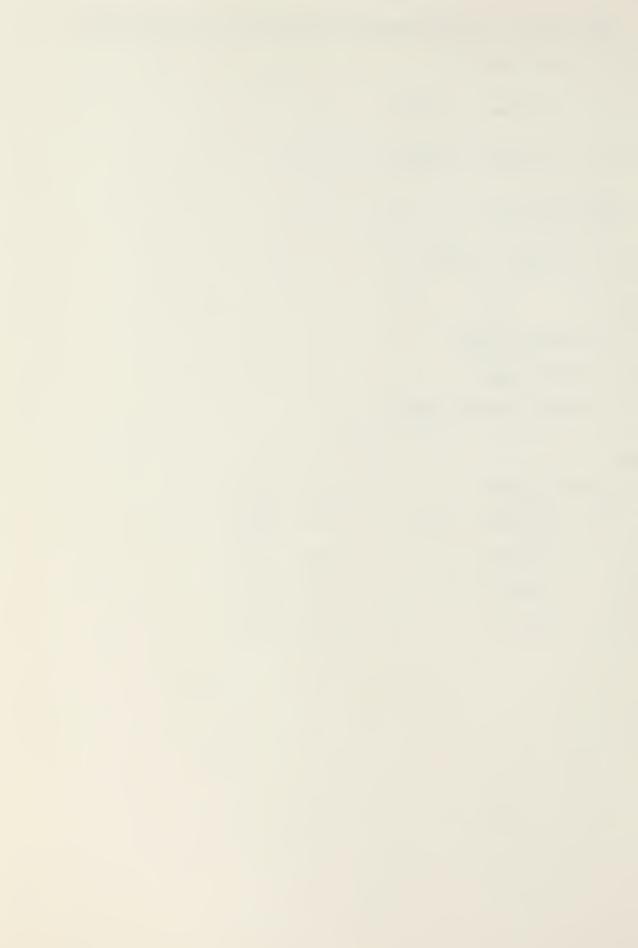
$$u = \int u \, dt$$

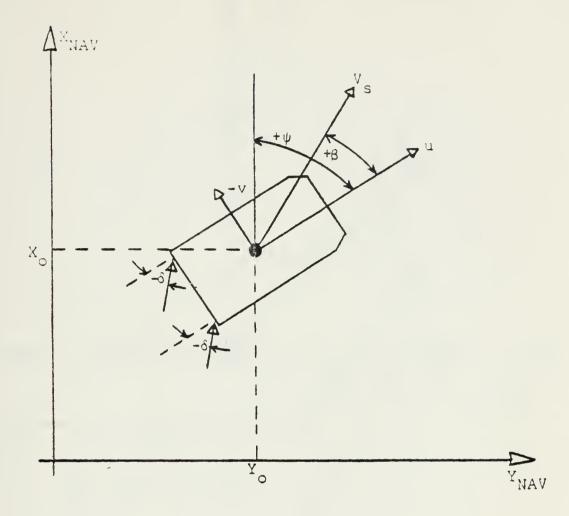
$$v = \int v dt$$

$$\psi = \int r dt$$

$$\phi = \int p \, dt$$

$$\theta = \int q dt$$

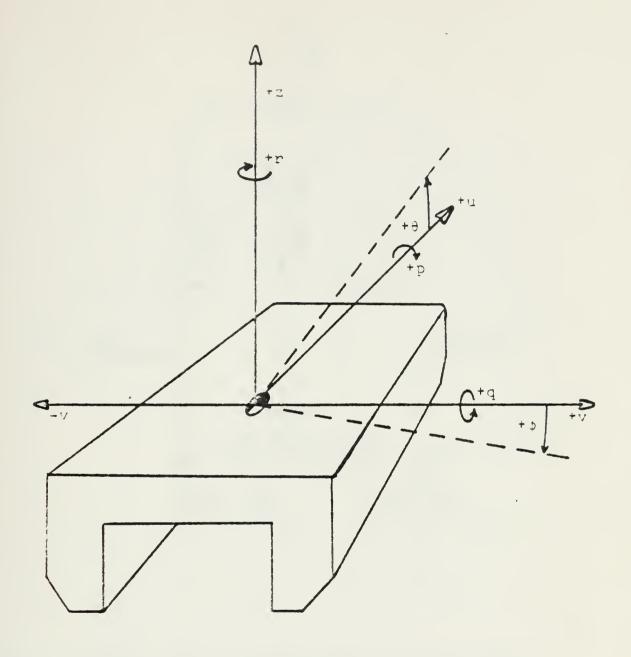




- Note: 1) ψ =0 when vehicle heads paralled to + X_{NAV}
 - Vehicle in figure above shown with negative thrust vector angle δ , positive ψ , negative β , negative sway velocity v, i.e., in a right turn

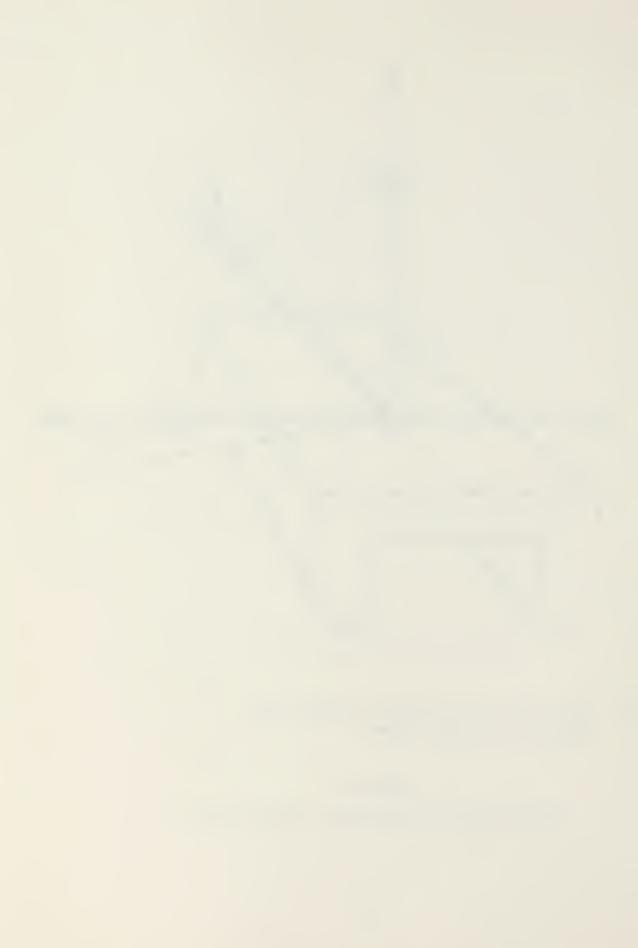
Figure 1
Definition Of Coordinate System (Part I)

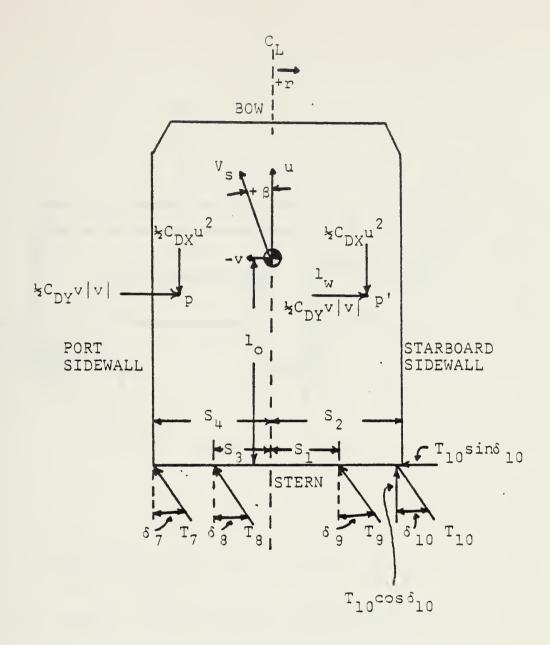




Note: Direction for positive velocity and angular rates are shown

Figure 2
Definition Of Coordinate System (Part II)





Note: 1) p and p' are equivalent point force centroids.

2) δ_7 , δ_8 , δ_9 , δ_{10} are thrust vector angles and are not required to be equal.

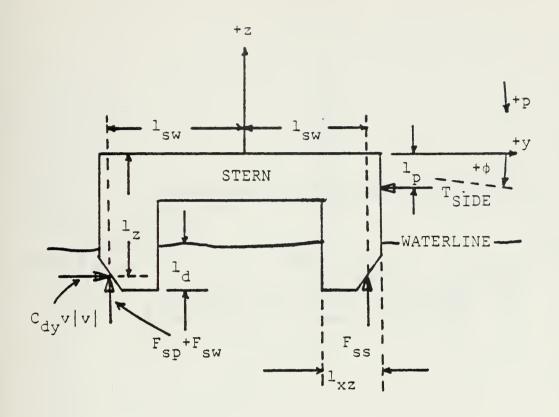
3) T_7 , T_8 , T_9 , T_{10} are thrust magnitudes and are not required to be equal.

4) Force directions shown are for a right turn

Figure 3

Surface Effect Ship (Top View)

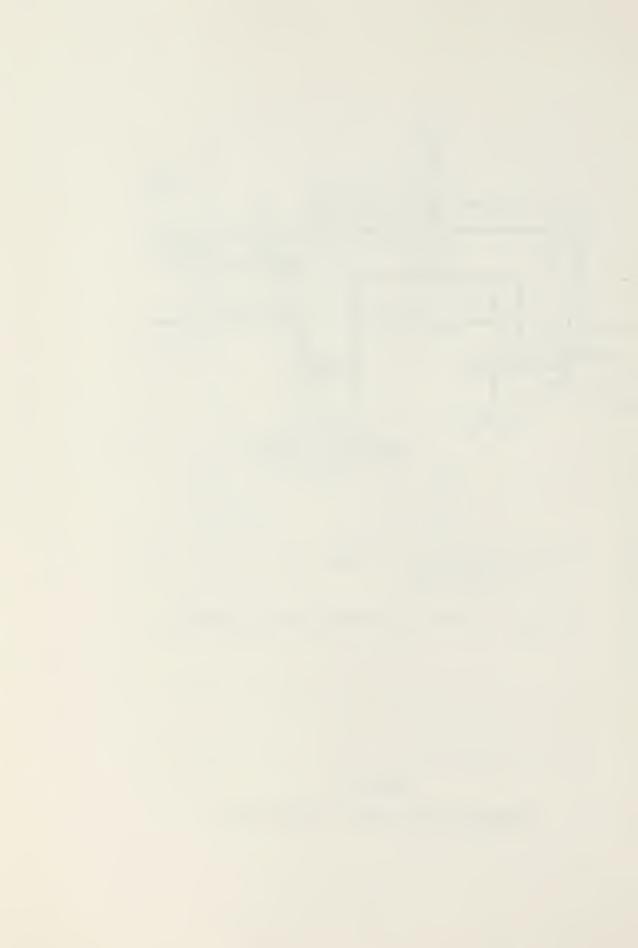


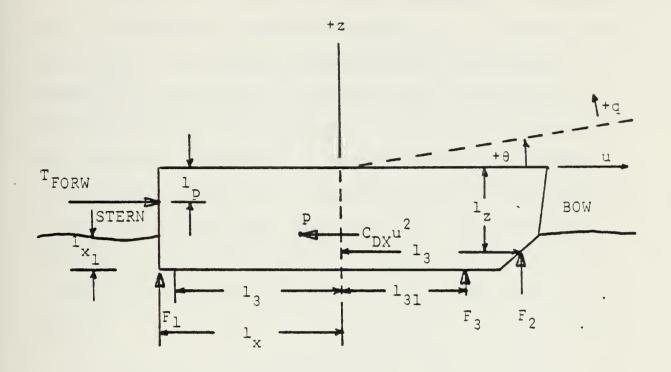


Note: 1) Right Turn Forces Acting, i.e., δ_7 , δ_8 , δ_9 , δ_{10} are negative

2) $T_{\text{SIDE}} = T_7 \sin \delta_y + T_8 \sin \delta_8 + T_9 \sin \delta_9 + T_{10} \sin \delta_{10}$

Figure 4A
Surface Effect Ship (Stern View)





Note: $T_{FORW} = T_7 \cos \delta_7 + T_8 \cos \delta_8 + T_9 \cos \delta_9 + T_{10} \cos \delta_{10}$ (see Fig. 3)

Figure 4B
Surface Effect Ship (Side View)



B. FORCES AND MOMENTS

1. Surge Forces (see Fig. 4B)

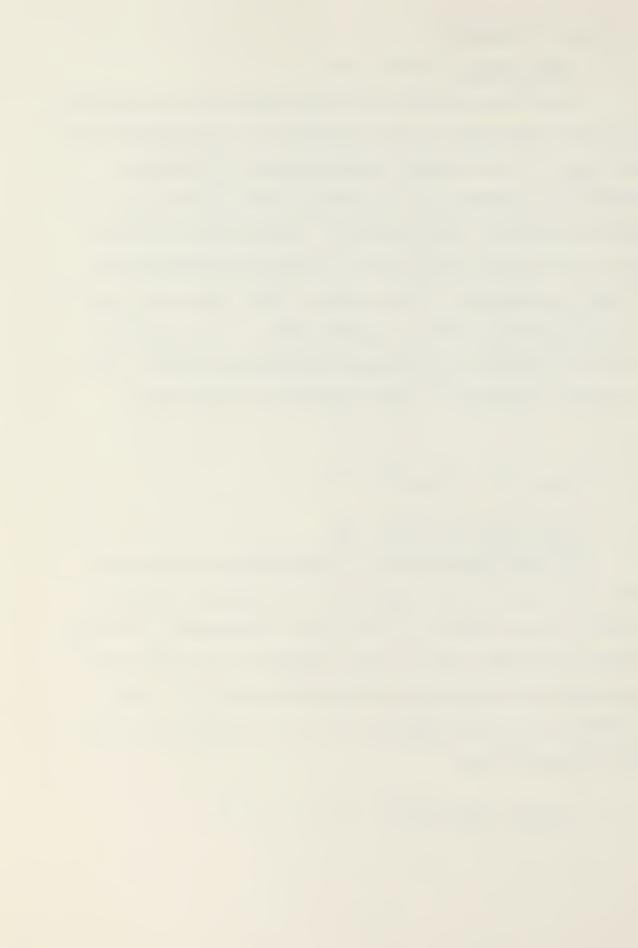
The forward acceleration was determined to be generated by the summation of thrust vectored in the forward direction Tforw. The resultant acceleration of the SES was assumed to be opposed by a retarding force exhibiting a "velocity-squared" characteristic. Additionally, Newton's laws of motion specified a "v.r" product that contributed to the drag component of the equation when the vehicle was in a turn (contrifugal force reaction term). The simplified equation of motion for the surge acceleration follows from a summation of forces in the u direction as depicted in Fig. 4B.

$$u = (T_{forw}/m) - (C_{DX}u^2/m) + vr$$

2. <u>Sway Forces</u> (see Fig. 4A)

The side acceleration of the vehicle was analyzed to be the result of the summation of the thrust vectored parallel to the vehicle's y-axis and a retardation "velocity squared" phenomena such as that produced by the cross flow drag term of the sidewall as described in Ref. 3. This retardation force is augmented by a "u·r" product as specified by Newton's Law.

$$\dot{v} = T_{side}/m - C_{DY} v|v|/m - ur$$



Note the requirement to force the $C_{\rm DY}v^2/m$ term to maintain the sign of the sway velocity such that both left and right turns may be computed.

3. Yaw Moments (see Fig. 3)

The yaw acceleration was a turning moment summation which was defined to be influenced by three primary forces operating over moment arms. It is of interest to note that the third term is an "added mass" term which is considered to operate on the same pressure point as the $C_{DY}v|v|$ term. The term T_{yaw} is a summation of moments generated by the four thrusters as shown in Fig. 3.

$$T_{yaw} = s_4 T_7 \cos \delta_7 + s_3 T_8 \cos \delta_8 - s_1 T_9 \cos \delta_9$$

$$- s_2 T_{10} \cos \delta_{10} - \ell_0 T_7 \sin \delta_7 - \ell_0 T_8 \sin \delta_8$$

$$- \ell_0 T_9 \sin \delta_9 - \ell_0 T_{10} \sin \delta_{10}$$

$$\dot{r} = C_{DY} \ell_W v |v| / I_Z + A_{22} u v \ell_W / I_Z + T_{YAW} / I_Z$$

4. Pitch Moments (see Fig. 4B)

The pitch acceleration was assumed to be the summation of moments generated by forward thrust, $T_{\rm forw}$, the buoyancy of the sidewalls of the SES, F_1 and F_2 and a vertical force generated at the bow of the vehicle, F_3 . This vertical bow force was defined to be a lumped parameter term which modeled the reaction force due to plenum pressure acting against the bow seal.



$$A_{w_1} = \ell_x \ell_{x_1} + ((\ell_x \tan \theta)/2) \ell_x$$

$$A_{w_2} = \ell_x \ell_{x_1} - ((\ell_x \tan \theta)/2\ell_x$$

$$F_1 = A_{w_1} \lambda_{x_2} \rho g$$

$$F_2 = A_{w_2} l_{x_2} \rho g$$

$$F_3 = C_{DP}\overline{p}_b^w e^{(\ell_d - \ell_{31} \tan \theta)}$$

$$\ell_{x1}$$
 = average draft of sidewall

$$A_{W_{\overline{1}}}$$
 = average wetted sidewall area of the stern

$$\ell_{x2}$$
 = width of one sidewall

$$w_e$$
 = width of bow seal

$$A_{W_2}$$
 = average wetted sidewall area of the bow

$$A_{33}$$
 = added mass coefficient

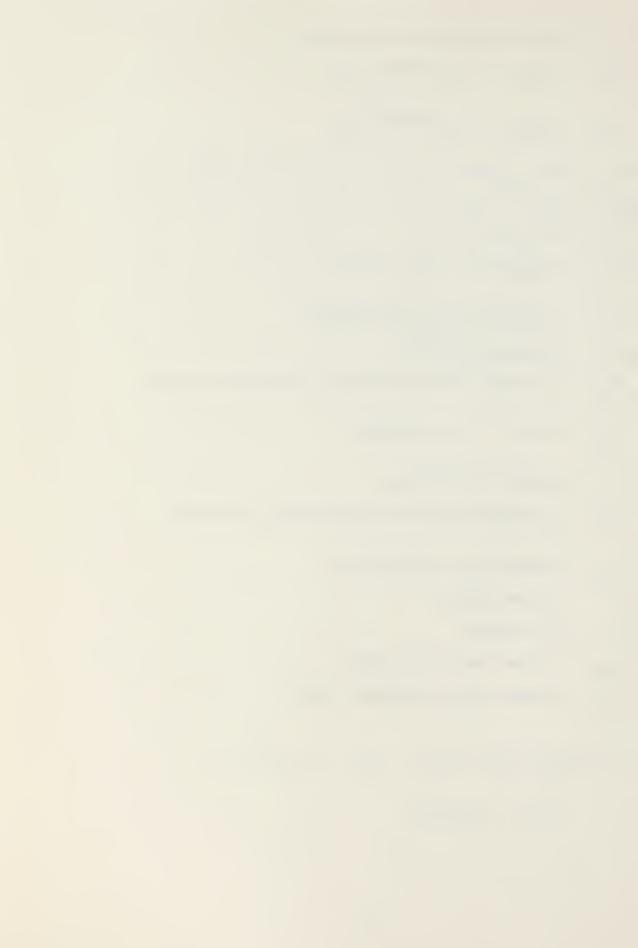
$$g = 32.3 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

$$\ell_{31}$$
 = lever arm of bow seal

$$\ell_{3}$$
 = lever arm of buoyancy force

$$\dot{q} = (T_{forw} l_p + F_3 l_{31} + F_2 l_3 - C_{DX} u^2 l_z$$

$$- F_1 l_3 - A_{33} uq)/I_Y$$



Note the added mass term $A_{33}uq$ which was required to provide damping to the pitch moment and is specified in Ref. 2.

It was found that the response of the SES to a pitch perturbation without the added mass component was undamped and approximately sinusoidal. Unlike the yaw equation where the added mass term was a small contributor to damping, the pitch added mass term was found to be of significant importance in modeling the known pitch motion.

5. Roll Moments (see Fig. 4A)

The roll acceleration equation was analyzed to be a summation of moments generated by buoyancy forces of the port and starboard sidewalls, $F_{\rm sp}$ and $F_{\rm ss}$, the thrust vectored parallel to the y-axis of the vehicle, $T_{\rm side}$, a side force $C_{\rm DY}$ v|v|, and a lumped coefficient vertical force, $F_{\rm sw}$. The vertical force $F_{\rm sw}$ was defined as the force generated in a turn due to the sidewall curvature (dead rise angle) acting against the cross flow of water.

$$F_{sp} = \rho g A_{wp} \ell dp$$

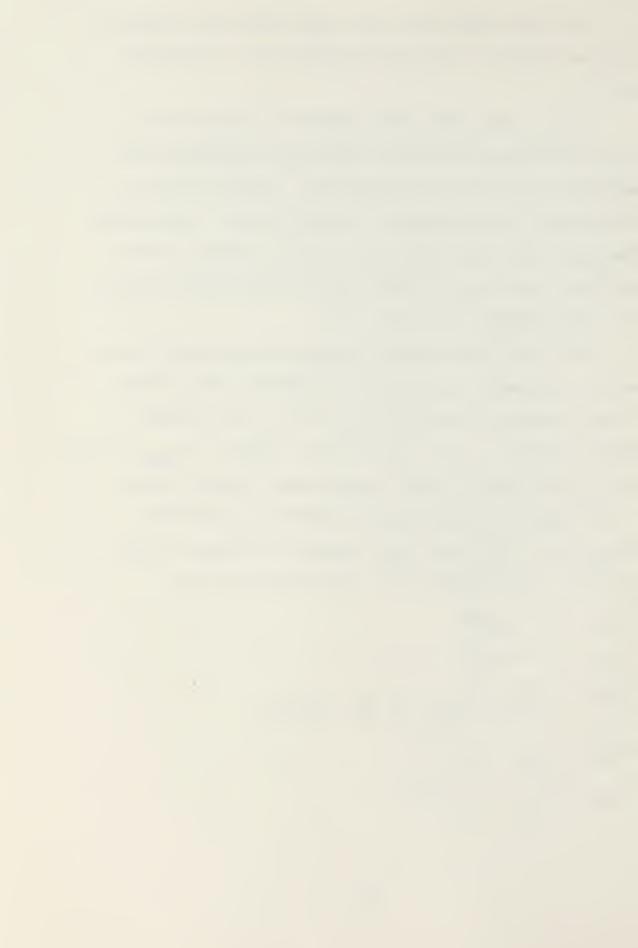
$$F_{ss} = \rho g A_{ws} \ell ds$$

$$F_{sw} = C_{DZP} v |v|$$

$$\ell_{d_1} = average draft of SES sidewall$$

$$\ell_{dp} = \ell_{d_1} - \ell_{sw} tan \phi$$

$$\ell_{ds} = \ell_{d_1} + \ell_{sw} tan \phi$$



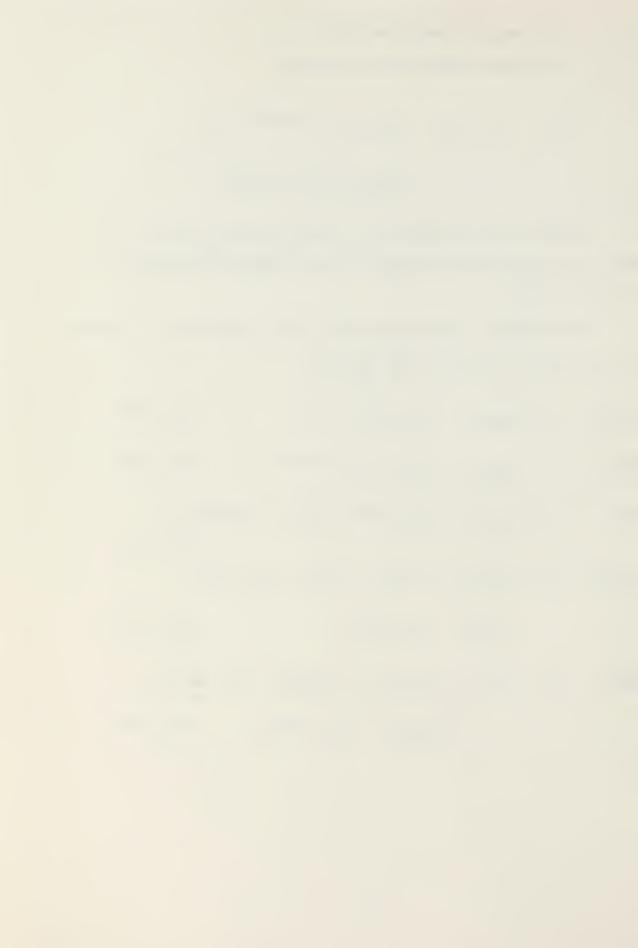
$$A_{wp}$$
 = average wetted area port

 A_{ws} = average wetted area starboard

 $P = ((F_{sp} - F_{ss}) \ell_{sw} - T_{side} \ell_p + C_{DY} v | v | \ell_z)$
 $\frac{1}{2} - F_{sw} \ell_{sw} - A_{31} up) / I_X$

Again note the added mass term $A_{33}\mathrm{up/I_X}$ which was found to be essential in modeling the damping phenomena of the roll motion.

In summary, the simplified 5 DOF equations of motion used in RTS5D for the 3K TON SES are:



C. PARAMETER IDENTIFICATION

These equations are an extension of the 3 DOF flat turn SES model developed by Gerba and Thaler in Ref. 4. The identification of craft parameters C_{DX} , C_{DY} , and ℓ_{W} is described in Ref. 4 and repeated here for completeness.

The surge drag coefficient C_{DX} is determined by selecting a steady state turn condition, where T_{forw} , u, v, r, and m are known.

$$\dot{u} = 0 = \frac{T_{forw}}{m} - \frac{C_{DX}u^2}{m} + vr$$

from which

$$C_{DX} = \frac{T_{forw} + mvr}{u^2}$$

The sway drag coefficient C_{DY} is determined by the same steady state turn condition which requires

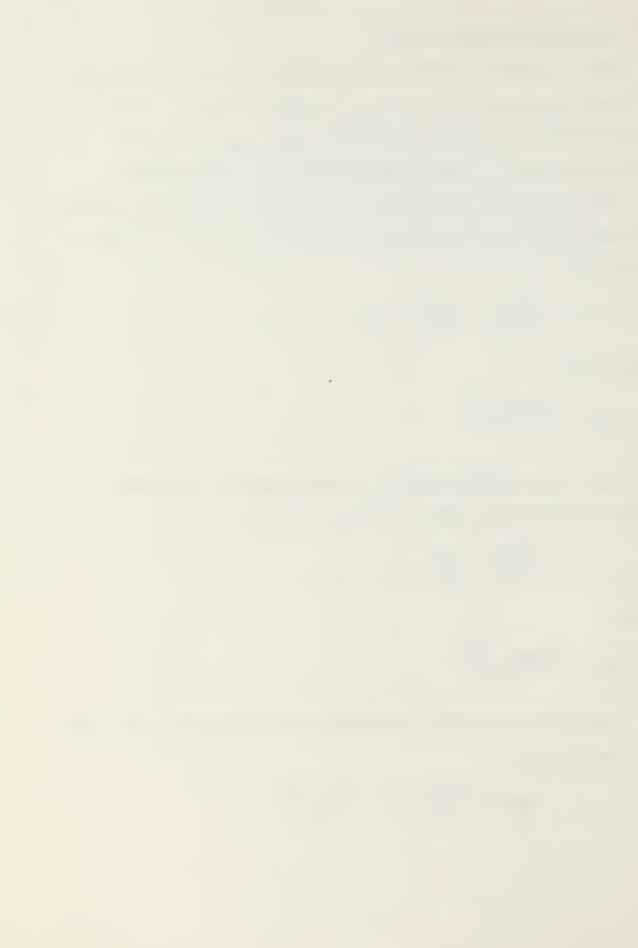
$$\dot{v} = 0 = \frac{T_{\text{side}}}{m} - \frac{C_{\text{DY}}}{m} v |v| - ur$$

where

$$C_{DY} = \frac{T_{side} - mur}{v | v |}$$

The sway drag moment arm follows utilizing the yaw acceleration equation

$$\dot{\mathbf{r}} = 0 = \frac{\mathbf{T}_{yaw}}{\mathbf{I}_{z}} + \frac{\mathbf{C}_{DY}\mathbf{v}|\mathbf{v}|\mathcal{L}_{w}}{\mathbf{I}_{z}} + \frac{\mathbf{A}_{22} \mathbf{u}\mathbf{v}\mathcal{L}_{w}}{\mathbf{I}_{z}}$$



which yields

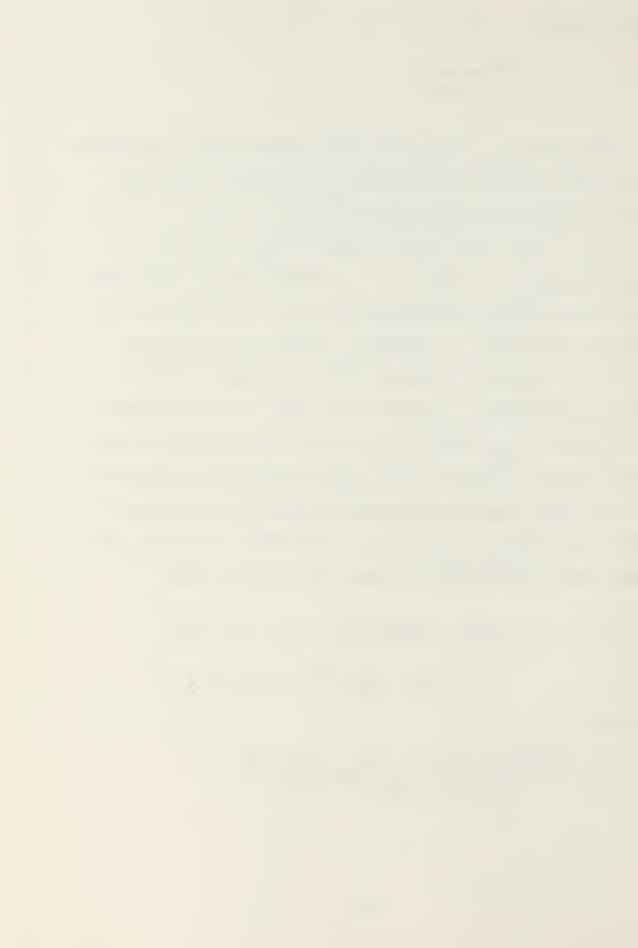
$$w = \frac{-T_{yaw}}{C_{DY} v|v| + A_{22}uv}$$

The addition of the pitch and roll equations introduces additional lumped coefficients C_{DP} and C_{DZP} . These are easily solved using known constants ℓ_{W} , ℓ_{p} , C_{DY} , ℓ_{z} , ℓ_{sW} , we, P_{b} , ℓ_{d} and steady state values of F_{sp} , F_{ss} , F_{1} , F_{2} , T_{forw} , T_{side} , u, v, and r. It is significant to note that in a steady state condition the angular roll rate, p, and angular pitch rate, q, are both required to equal zero. This is in contrast to the yaw rate, r, where a finite steady state value is desired in a turn. Thus the added mass terms of A_{33} uq and A_{31} up in the pitch and roll equations are not utilized in the determination of craft parameters; their function is strictly confined to damping of their respective accelerations. Therefore, utilizing the pitch equation with known steady state turn values.

$$\dot{q} = 0 = (T_{forw}^{\ell}_{p} + C_{DP}^{p}_{b}^{w}_{e}(\ell_{d} - \ell_{31} \tan \theta) \ell_{31} + F_{2}\ell_{3} - C_{DX}^{u}\ell_{22} - F_{1}\ell_{3})/I_{Y}$$

yields

$$C_{DP} = \frac{C_{DX}u^{2} \ell_{z} + F_{1}\ell_{3} - F_{2}\ell_{3} - T_{forw} \ell_{p}}{P_{b}^{w} e^{(\ell_{d} - \ell_{31} \tan \theta)\ell_{31}}}$$



The roll equation under steady state turn conditions yields

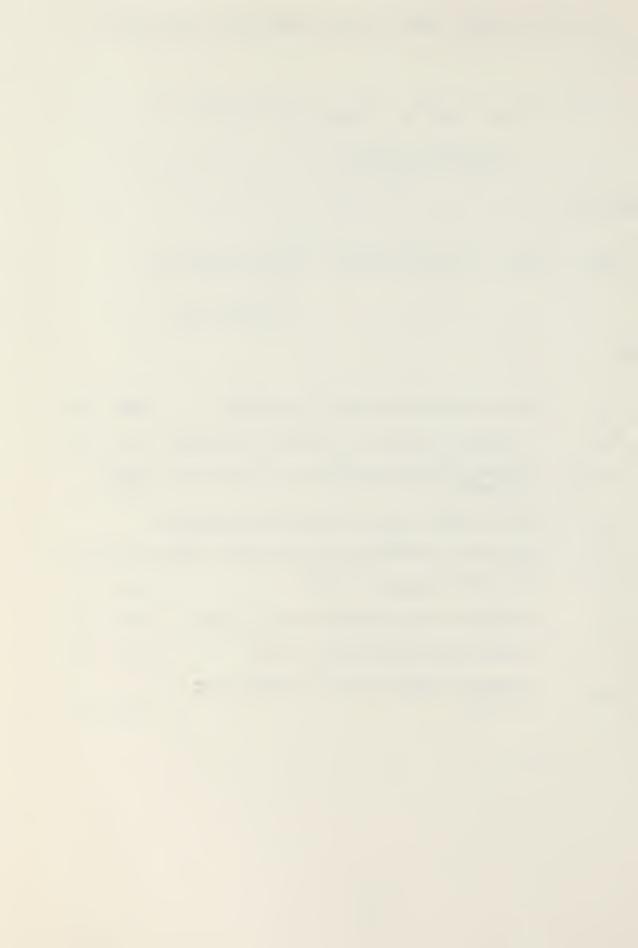
$$\dot{p} = 0 = ((F_{sp} - F_{ss}) \ell_w - T_{side} \ell_p + C_{DY} v|v| \ell_z$$

$$- C_{DZP} v|v| \ell_{sw}) I_Z$$

from which

$$C_{DZP} = ((F_{sp} - F_{ss}) \ell_{w} T_{side} \ell_{p} + C_{DY} v_{ss} | v_{ss} | \ell_{z}) / (v_{ss} | v_{ss} | \ell_{sw})$$

where



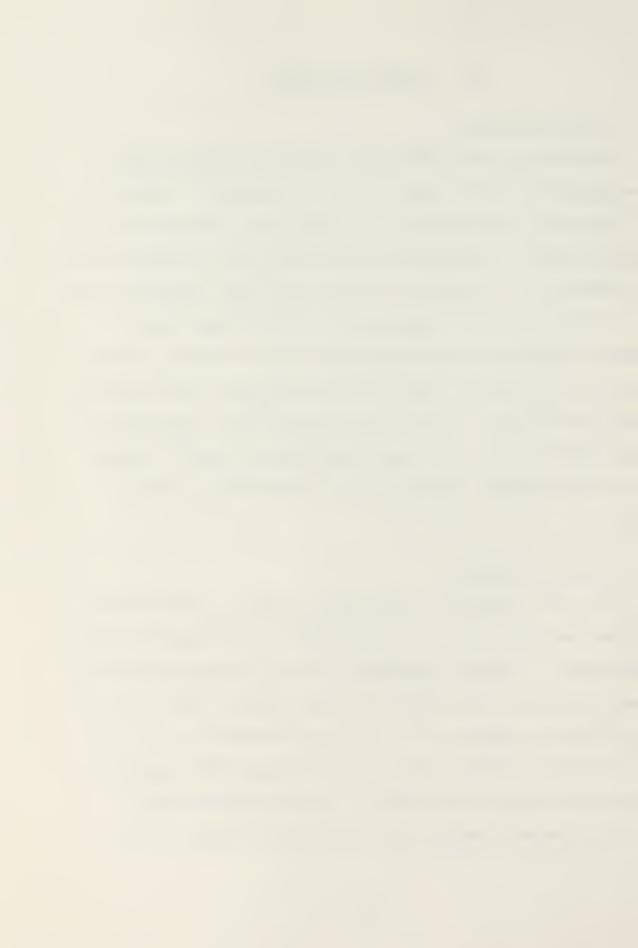
III. RTS5D VALIDATION

A. DBSIM5D BENCHMARK

Validation of the RTS5D was attempted using the data base program (DBSIM5D) [Ref. 5] as a benchmark. However, new guidance in the proper use of the data base program contained in Ref. 6 revealed the following errors in the use of the DBSIM5D. 1) Initial conditions had been improperly set and 2) Data used for validation for the 56 knot run at effector deflection angles greater than 10° was not correct because of the thrust inlet broach conditions which existed using the DBSIM5D. These conditions were not accounted for in the RTS5D model. The noted discrepancies in the operation of the DBSIM5D necessitated a revalidation of the RTS5D.

B. VALIDATION RESULTS

Using the information contained in Ref. 6, the DBSIM5D program was again used as a benchmark to validate the RTS5D simulation. A DBSIM5D sequence of runs with initial forward velocities equal to 40 knots, 50 knots and 60 knots with step effector angles of 5° and 10° (at 40 knots), 5°, 10° and 15° (at 50 knots), and 5° (at 60 knots) were compared to identical runs of the RTS5D. Thrust effector angles were kept below a maximum that would have caused a broach



condition. Broach conditions are explained in Chapter IV. The first peak overshoot value and "Quasi Steady State" values for the variables u (surge), v (sway), r (yaw rate), \$\phi\$ (roll), and \$\theta\$ (pitch) were used as a basis for comparison. The results are shown in Tables I-III. Significant error in forward velocity occurred in the 50 knot test. Also, it was noted that in 40 knot test with 5° thruster deflection angle that the DBSIM5D actually reached a "Quasi Steady State" forward velocity greater than the initial value upon entering the turn. These conditions led to the development of the model of the RTS5D with negative drag characteristics in sea state. Differences in the other measured parameters were addressed by parameter adjustment on the new model in order to more closely match values obtained with the DBSIM5D.



TABLE I

RTS5D and DBSIM5D Performance Test at 40 Knots

effector angle		DBS IM5			S5D	
	1st pk	ф	in degre Qss	es 1st pk	ф	Qss
5°	1.01		.742	.17		.12
10°	1.46		1.39	.31		. 24
	lst pk	ф	in degre Qss	es 1st pk	φ	Qss
5°	1.44		1.40	1.27		1.21
10°	1.48		1.48	1.28		1.20
	1st pk	u	in ft/se Qss	c lst pk	u	Qss
5°	67.4		70.9	n/a		67.03
10°	n/a		66.3	n/a		65.98
	lst pk	v	in ft/se Qss	ec 1st pk	V	Qss
5°	1.42		1.37	2.84		2.42
10°	3.20		3.26	3.83		3.41
	1st pk	r	in degre Qss	ees/sec 1st pk	r	Qss
5°	.396		.403	.58		.33
10°	.953		.959	.98		.66



TABLE II .

RTS5D and DBSIM5D Performance Test at 50 Knots

effector angle	DI	BSIM5D_	. 1	RTS5D	
	1st pk	ф	in degrees Qss	1st pk	Qss
5°	.424		.446	.27	.19
10°	.757		.886	.49	.38
15°	1.02		1.4	.72	. 57
	1st pk	θ	in degrees Qss	θ lst pk	Qss
5°	.862		.892	1.16	1.15
10°	.943		1.13	1.15	1.16
15°	1.12		1.35	1.22	1.17
	1st pk	u	in ft/sec Qss	u 1st pk	Qss
5°	n/a		83.6	n/a	83.8
10°	n/a		78.7	n/a	82.51
15°	n/a		69.2	n/a	80.58
	lst pk	v	in ft/sec Qss	lst pk	Qss
5°	1.31		1.30	3.55	3.02
10°	2.72		2.70	4.79	4.26
15°	4.05		4.33	5.69	5.207
	1st pk	r	in degrees/ Qss	sec r 1st pk	Qss
5°	.368		.365	.73	.41
10°	.864		.870	1.22	.82
15°	1.35		1.44	1.66	1.26



TABLE III

RTS5D and DBSIM5D Performance Test at 60 Knots

effector angle	DE	SIM5D	RTS5D		
		ф	in degrees	ф	
3°	1st pk .141		Qss .200	lst pk .39	Qss .274
		θ	in degrees	θ	
5°	1st pk .521		Qss .583	1st pk 1.14	Qss 1.07
		u	in ft/sec	u	
5°	lst pk n/a		Qss 97.8	lst pk n/a	Qss 100.29
		v	in ft/sec	v	
5°	1st pk 2.03		Qss 1.84	1st pk 4.26	Qss 3.62
		r	in degrees/sec	r	
5°	1st pk .532		Qss .494	lst pk .87	Qss .487



IV. MODEL DEVELOPMENT

A. DRAG CHARACTERISTICS

1. Surge Equation Model

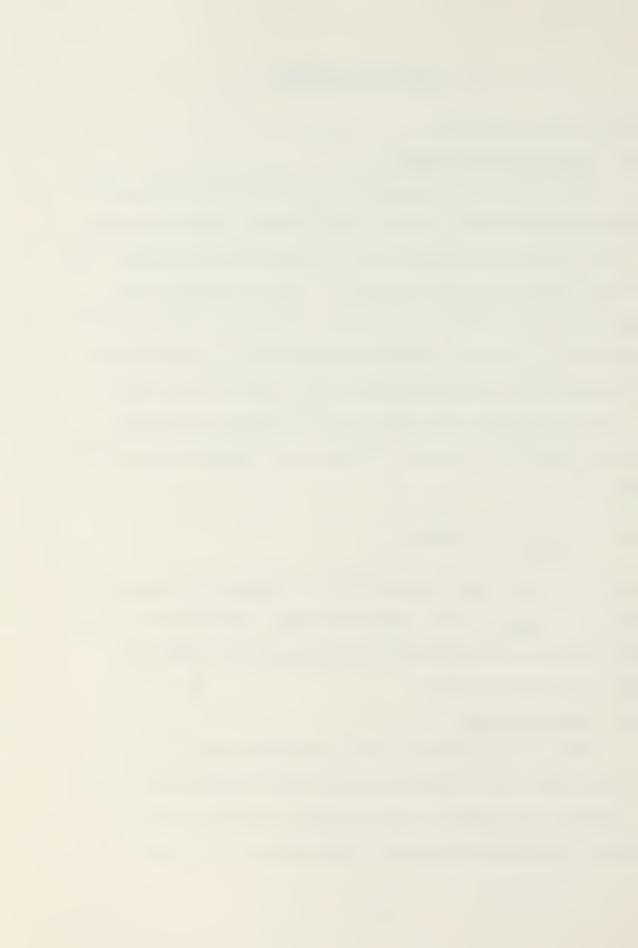
The RTS5D model assumed a velocity squared drag retarding characteristic for the 3K-SES which led to the equation for surge acceleration that was presented in Chapter II. The drag characteristics from Ref. 7 for the 3K-SES that is simulated by the DBSIM5D are shown in Fig. 5. The data base program was run using parameters that caused it to exhibit a retarding force corresponding to the curve at sea state four, therefore this curve was used to remodel the RTS5D. The new simplified equation of motion for surge acceleration became

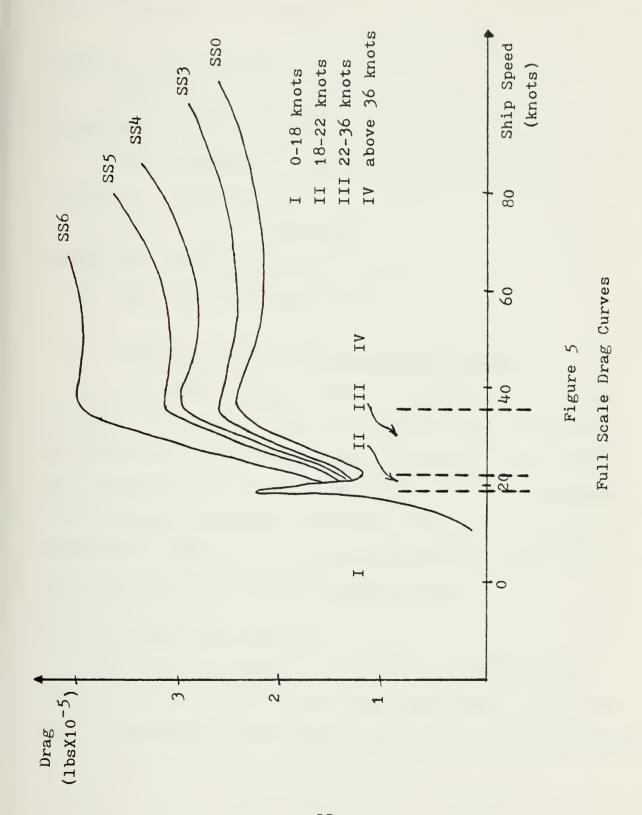
$$\dot{\mathbf{u}} = (\mathbf{T}_{\text{forw}}/\mathbf{m}) - (\mathbf{FSD/m}) + \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{r}$$

where FSD is full scale drag which is defined by the curve in Fig. 5. T_{FORW} is the sumation of the four thrusts assumed in this model to be applied at the same point along the center line of the craft.

2. <u>Implementation</u>

FSD was implemented into the RTS5D model by dividing the curve into four separate regions and defining FSD within each region. In region I the retarding force was approximated by a normalized velocity cubed term. In regions II







and III straight line approximations were used. In region

IV a polynomial curve fit was used. The equations defined for each region are listed below.

Region I - (0-18 knots)

$$FSD = C_{DX1} (u/u_{max})^3$$
Region II - (18-22 knots)

$$FSD = CONSTANT_1 - C_{DX5} u$$
Region III - (22-36 knots)

$$FSD = C_{DX2} u - CONSTANT_2$$
Region IV - (above 36 knots)

$$FSD = C_{DX3} u^2 + C_{DX4} / u^{1.5}$$

3. Identification of Surge Drag Coefficients

In region I, $C_{\rm DX1}$ is equal to the first peak value of drag. In regions II and III, $C_{\rm DX5}$ and $C_{\rm DX2}$ are equal to the slopes of the drag curve and the constants were solved for by applying the boundary conditions at the intersections of the adjacent regions. The values of $C_{\rm DX3}$ and $C_{\rm DX4}$ were computed by taking FSD at two different known values of u and solving for $C_{\rm DX3}$ and $C_{\rm DX4}$ simultaneously.

B. LINEARIZED MODEL ANALYSIS

Since the surge model of the RTS5D is extremely nonlinear over the complete speed range, analysis is very complex. Therefore the model was linearized and it's performance



analyzed at various points on the FSD curve. Linearization of the model was accomplished by computing the linear coefficients through partial differention with respect to surge in each of the four region equations and evaluating these terms at various operating point surge velocities (u_0) . The linearized model is shown in Fig. 6 and the linear coefficients for the surge drag force FSD are shown below.

Region

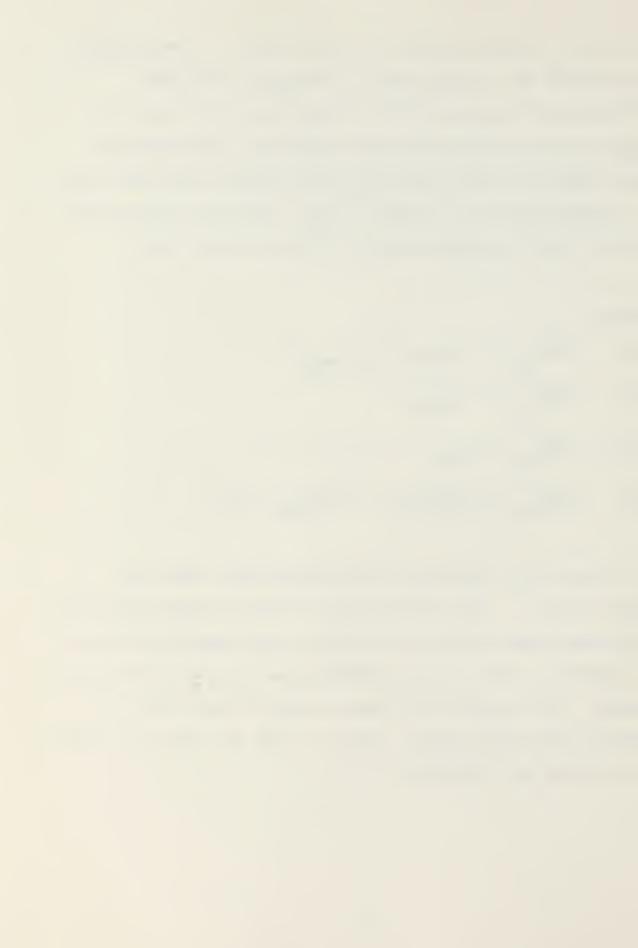
I
$$FSD'_{(u_o)} = 3 C_{DX1} (u_o/u_{max})^2$$

II $FSD'_{(u_o)} = - C_{DX5}$

III $FSD'_{(u_o)} = C_{DX2}$

IV $FSD'_{(u_o)} = 2 C_{DX3} u_o - 1.5 C_{DX4}/u_o^{2.5}$

A map of the linearized surge directional roots are shown in Fig. 7. The characteristic roots for each operating region are shown coded (see legend). Note that only Region I and Region IV roots are u_0 dependent and therefore move as u_0 changes. The direction of change along the real axis is noted by the arrows shown. Region II and III roots are fixed in locations and independent of u_0 .



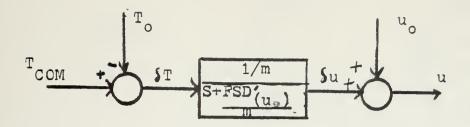


Figure 6
Linearized Surge Model

Region IV of Fig. 7 is of particular interest since the ability to operate in this speed range is a primary consideration in the development of the SES. It can be seen from the map of the roots that within this region, at speeds from 36 to almost 60 knots, poles exist in the RHP. This is a result of the negative drag slope where the retarding force actually decreases with an increase in speed, the magnitude of variation being dependent on sea state. Region II also exhibits this negative drag characteristic but since it is of such a narrow speed range, operation in this region was not considered in this design. Further modeling changes for the other degrees of freedom were based on Region IV response. In Regions I, III and in Region IV above 60 knots, the system will be stable at the speed u where FSD is equal to commanded thrust.



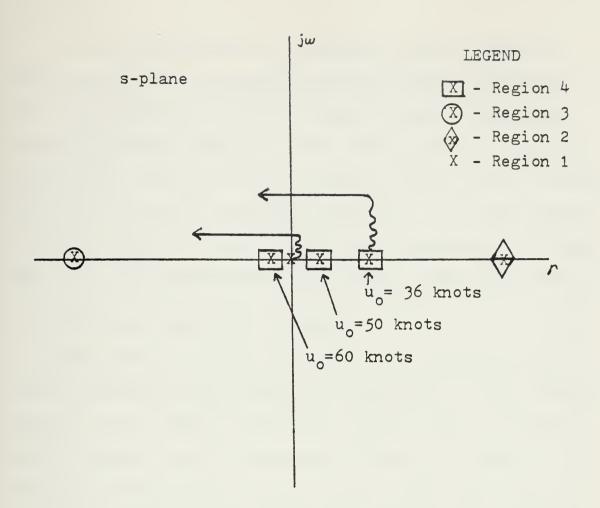


Figure 7
Linearized Surge Root Map



If it were necessary to operate at a speed within the negative drag slope characteristic, it would be necessary to actively modulate the thrust command in order to maintain a nearly constant speed, but this would require a great deal of operator attention since the negative drag slope in Region IV is one of slowly divergent instability. For this reason a closed loop speed controller has been included in the data base model and therefore was also added to the RTS5D model.

C. SIMPLIFIED PROPULSION DYNAMICS

Before adding a speed autopilot to the model one additional refinement was included in the design. Thrust command changes in the RTSSD as reported in Ref. 1 were instantaneously entered into the equations of motion as thrust changes. This was not the case for the data base simulation program. Specific thrust levels are generated by specific water flow rates through water jet nozzles. These flow rates are nearly proportional to the pump speed that produces them. Since the pumps are driven directly by gas turbine engines, a change in thrust occurs with a change in turbine speed. A thrust command translates to a power turbine speed command which as an output has power turbine speed achieved. This output is translated into thrust achieved. It was specified in Ref. 7 that one of the goals in the base line design was to have power turbine speed control response charasteristics which are relatively independent of the power setting. Accordingly, in the design



of the auto pilot of Ref. 7, the simplified propulsion block shown in Fig. 8 was used. The magnitude of the propulsion system time constant, τ was not specified. For the purpose of this analysis τ was chosen to be 1 second.

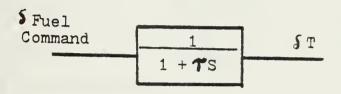
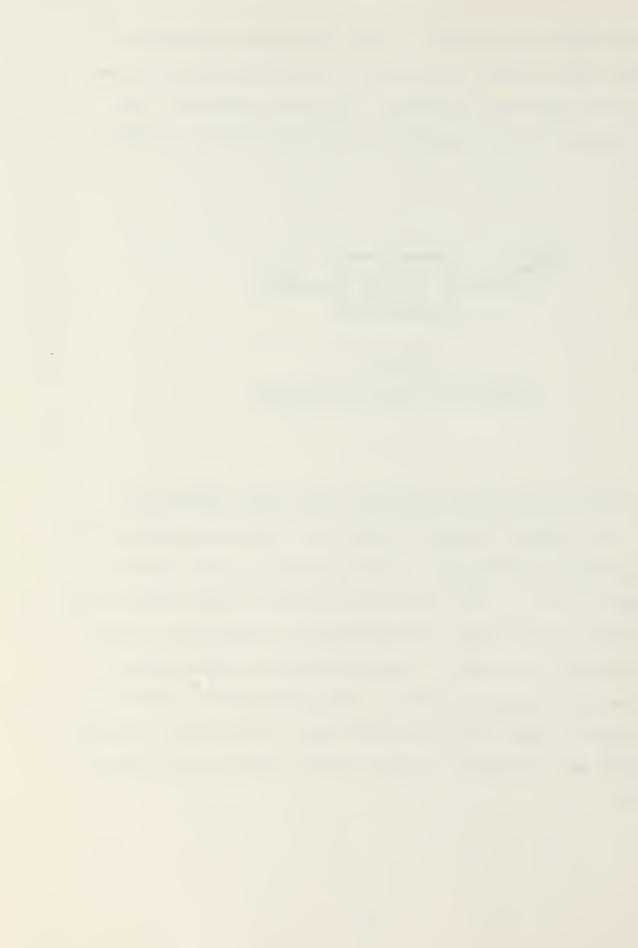


Figure 8
Simplified Propulsion System

D. ANALYSIS OF LINEARIZED MODEL WITH SPEED CONTROLLER

The complete linearized model with speed controller that is included in the model for the purposes of this study is shown in Fig. 9. The saturation effects of fuel control are ignored and the linear representation is shown as K_f which is assumed to be unity. The controller includes proportional plus integral control. The proportional control was included to keep the ship speed error low while the integral control was included in order to zero out long term control error.



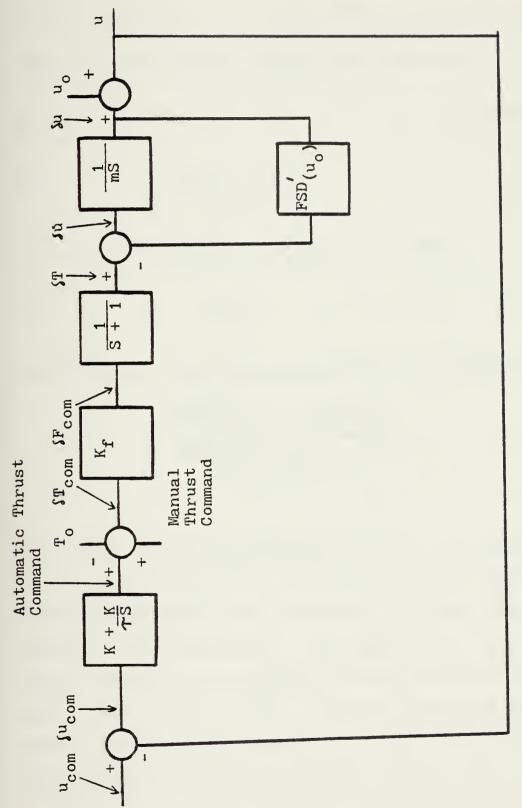
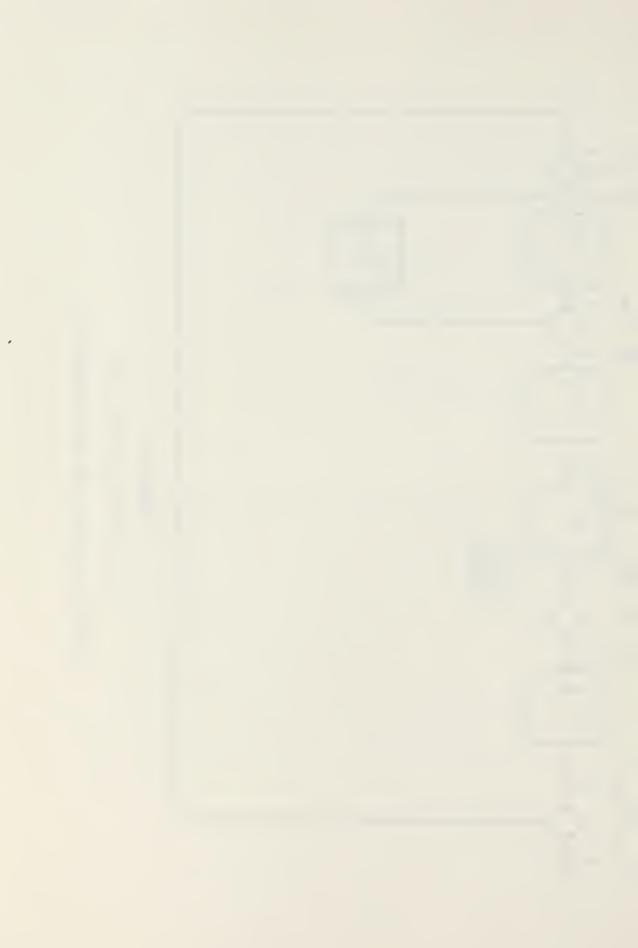


Figure 9

Linearized Surge Model With

Propulsion System and Speed Controller



The characteristic equation for the system in Fig. 9 is

$$s^3 + (1 + FSD'_{(u_0)}/m) s^2 + 1/m (FSD'_{(u_0)} + K) s + K/m \gamma = 0$$

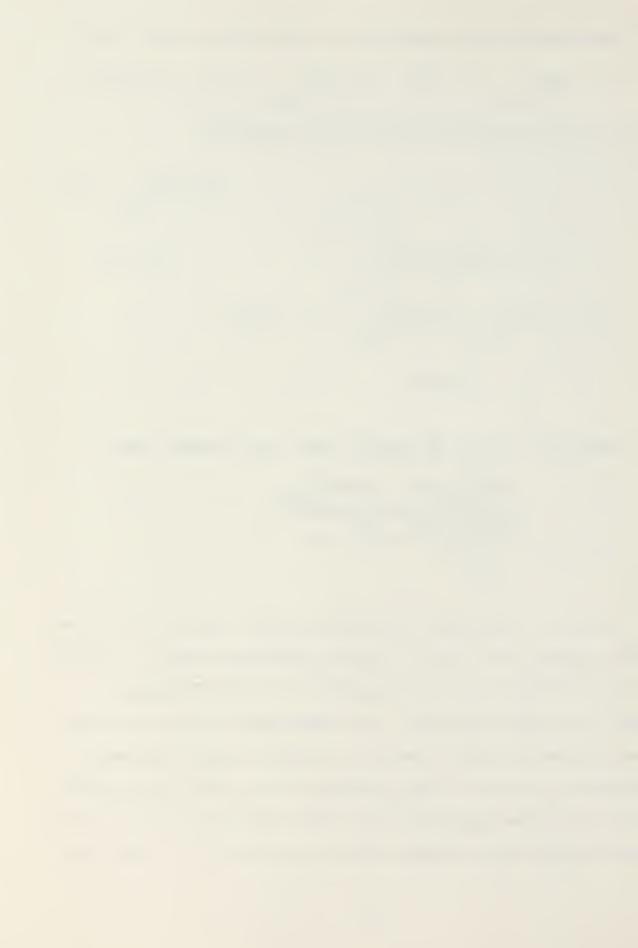
Using the Routh Hurwitz Criterion for stability

$$1 = 1/m (FSD'_{(u_0)} + K)$$
 $1/m (FSD'_{(u_0)} + K)$
 $1/m (FSD'_{(u_0)} + K)$

For Stability K must be greater than 0 and greater than

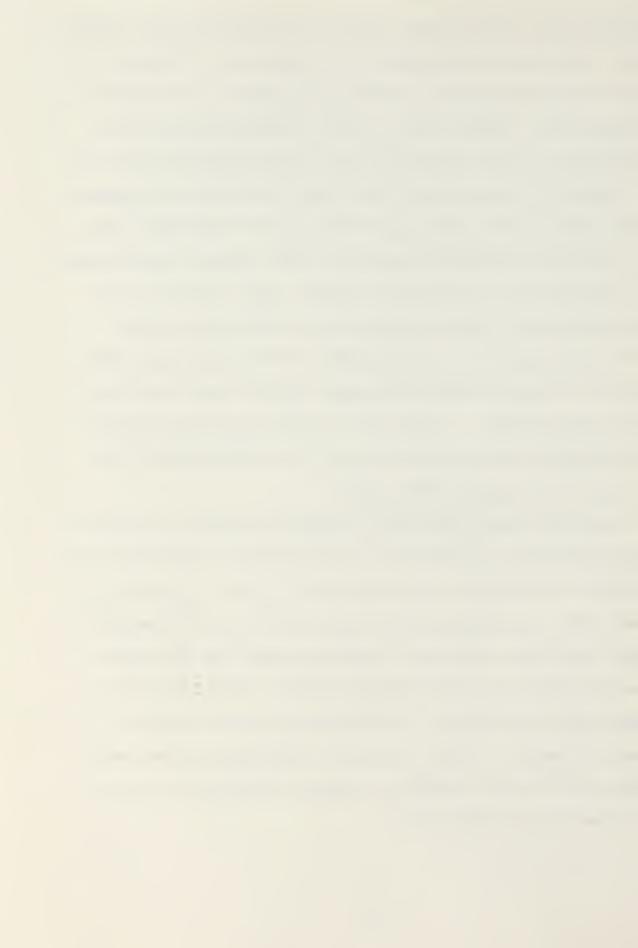
$$\frac{FSD'(u_0) \tau + m \tau FSD'(u_0)}{FSD'(u_0) \tau + m \tau - m}$$

The values of controller parameters K and τ can be initialized by the operator for either loosely controlled speed or tightly controlled speed for such situations as station keeping, UNREPS, or test operations. For comparison to the data base, these parameters were selected to achieve closest agreement between the values of surge achieved by the RTS5D and DBSIM5D models after the completion of a 360° turn with 50 knot initial surge veloctly and a thrust effector angle of 15°. This test



condition for the nonlinear models was chosen for two reasons. First, given fuel conservation as a necessity, 50 knots is a likely high speed initial condition because it is close to minimum drag. Second, this initial condition provided an opportunity to test the operation of the speed controller in the negative drag region of FSD since the decrease in speed going into the turn with u_0 =50 knots caused increased drag. The values of controller parameters that caused closest agreement between the two nonlinear models, when tested in the linearized model showed instability in the linear sense. This is desirable in a turning mode for the nonlinear model because it allows speed to decrease and the turn to be completed more quickly. Stiff speed control could be achieved by increasing the controller gains, but would normally be used only in straight ahead runs.

Coupling of the equations of motion developed in Chapter II necessitated a repetition of the parameter identification procedure resulting in new values for $C_{\rm DY}$, &w, $C_{\rm DP}$ and $C_{\rm DZP}$. These values were adjusted for the best curve fit compared to the data base using the linearized model for the RTS5D in a 360° turn using 15° thrust effector angle with initial surge velocity 50 knots. An identical series of tests to those in Chapter III were conducted comparing the new model of the RTS5D to the DBSIM5D. Complete validation results are tabulated in Chapter VI.



E. EFFECTIVE THRUST EFFECTOR ANGLE

As a result of the negative drag characteristics imposed on the model, RTS5D yaw rate (r) was high in the low speed test and low in the high speed test. This opposite error at both ends of the test speed spectrum was reduced by introducing a correction factor to the thrust effector angle proportional to yaw rate

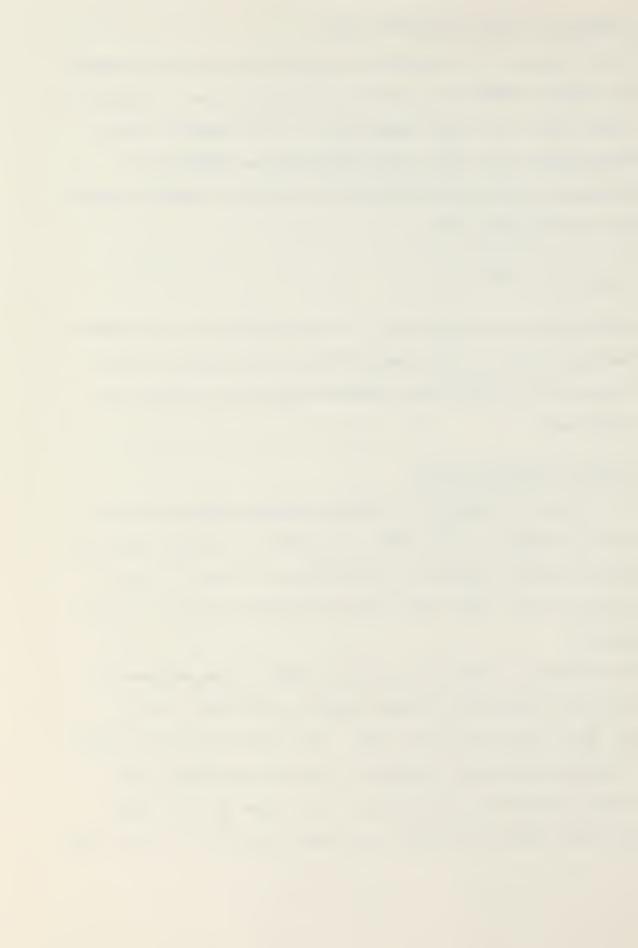
$$Z_{eff} = Z - SLIP \cdot r$$

and adjusting lw to increase r. This had the desired effect of reducing error at both ends of the test spectrum since the reduction of the thrust effector angle was greater at the high end.

F. BROACH CONDITION FLAG

As stated in Chapter I, broach response characteristics are not included in this model, therefore a broach condition warning flag was included in the design in order to alert the operator who could then take corrective action to avoid broaching.

Broaching is caused by a water intake being exposed to air and is a function of surge speed, roll angle, pitch angle, drift angle and sea state. For the data base 3K-SES with broach boundaries defined at 10% air by volume, the broaching boundaries in calm water in terms of roll angle, pitch angle and drift angle are shown in Fig. 11 for 40 knots



and Fig. 12 for 60 knots. Reference 6 listed maximum thrust effector angles as a function of surge speed and air flow in order to avoid broaching. This condition is shown plotted in Fig. 10 for fixed plenum air flow rate.

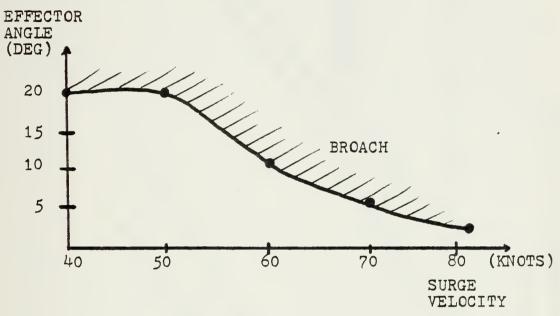
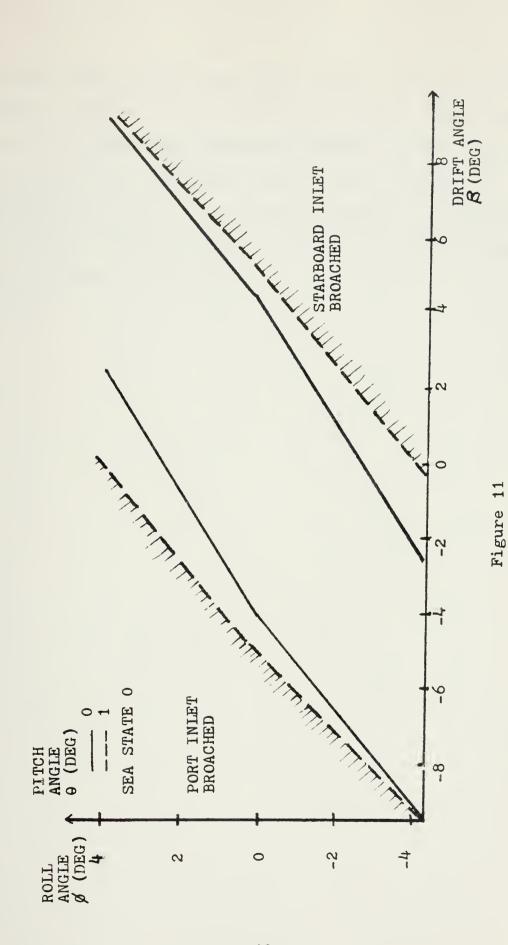


Figure 10

Maximum Thrust Effector Angle As A Function
Of Surge Velocity In Order To Avoid Broaching

As stated in Chapter III the model developed in Ref. 1 did not flag the broaching condition. To implement the broach warning flag and display the other new parameters for the modified RTS5D the pilot graphic display described in Ref. 1 was changed to incorporate the necessary data. Figure 13A depicts typical information displayed to the pilot under normal operating conditions. The new information to the



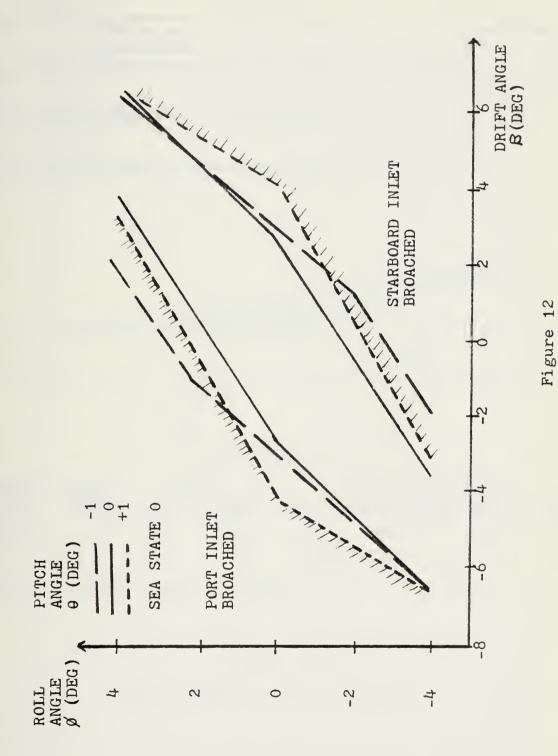


Inlet Broaching Boundaries at 40 Knots



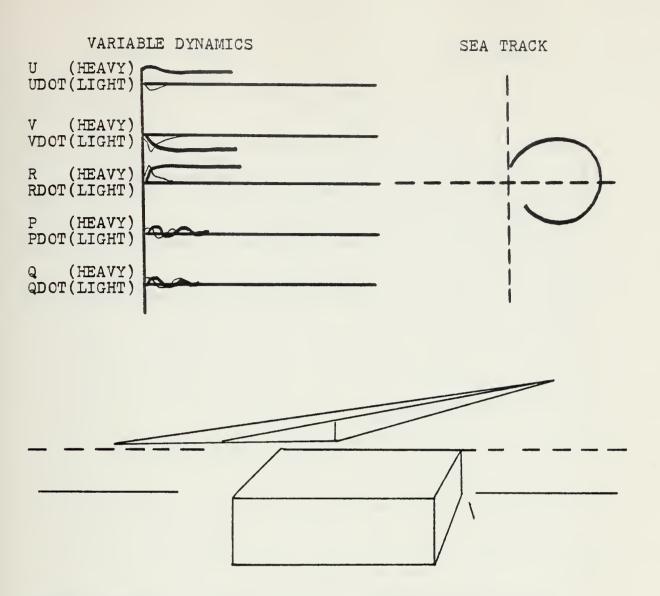
operator shown in the lower right of Fig. 13A is sea state (SEAST), computer assist (CASST, on=1 off=0), controller gains (K,KK) and speed commanded (SPCOM). If the operator exceeds the thrust effector limits (ZMAX) to prevent broaching (see Fig. 10), a flashing warning is displayed in place of the bottom line of information on the screen. This is shown in Fig. 13B.





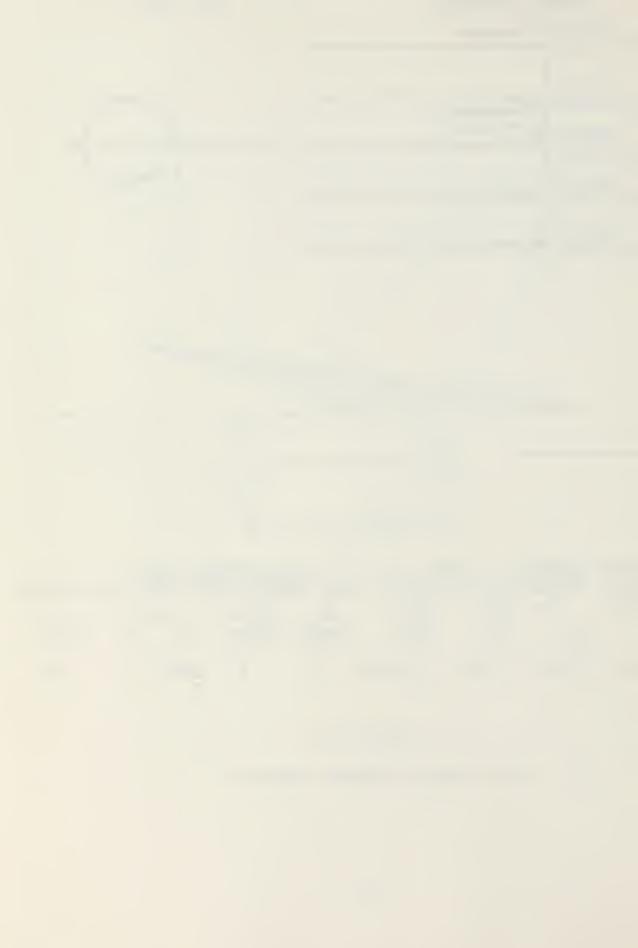
Inlet Broaching Boundaries at 60 Knots





CONTROL THRUST			ME PIABSED I		NAVIGATIONE HEADING/R			POTT	CDEED
THRUST	KUDDEK	DELL	CTALSED L	TICH	UEWDING\ U	HID	DRIFI	KOLL	SPEED
300000	20	.084	22.2	. 52	325/2.	1	28	.8	50.1
T7	T8	T9	T10	SEAS	T CASST	K	KK	SI	PCOM
75000	75000	75000	750000) 4	. 1	29	900 3		50

Figure 13A
Pilot Graphic Display (Normal)



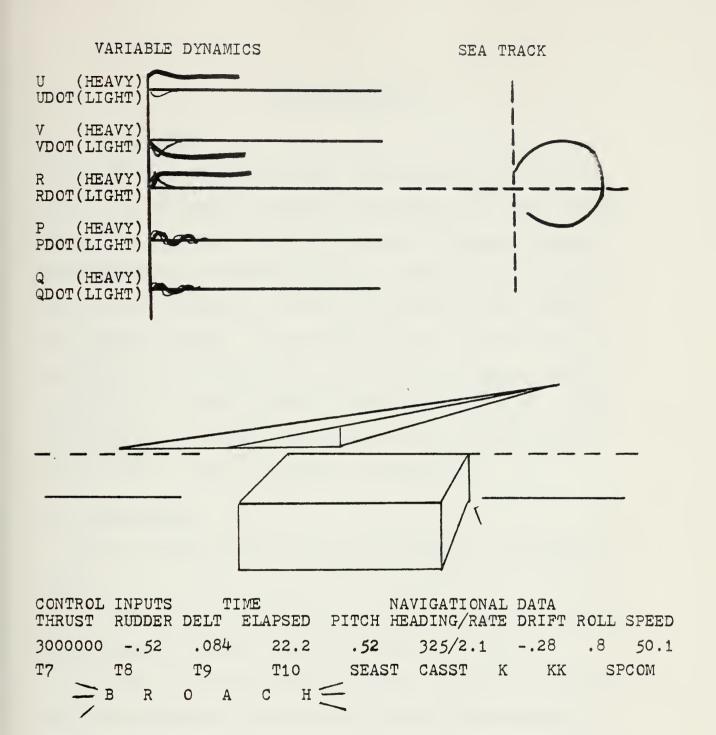
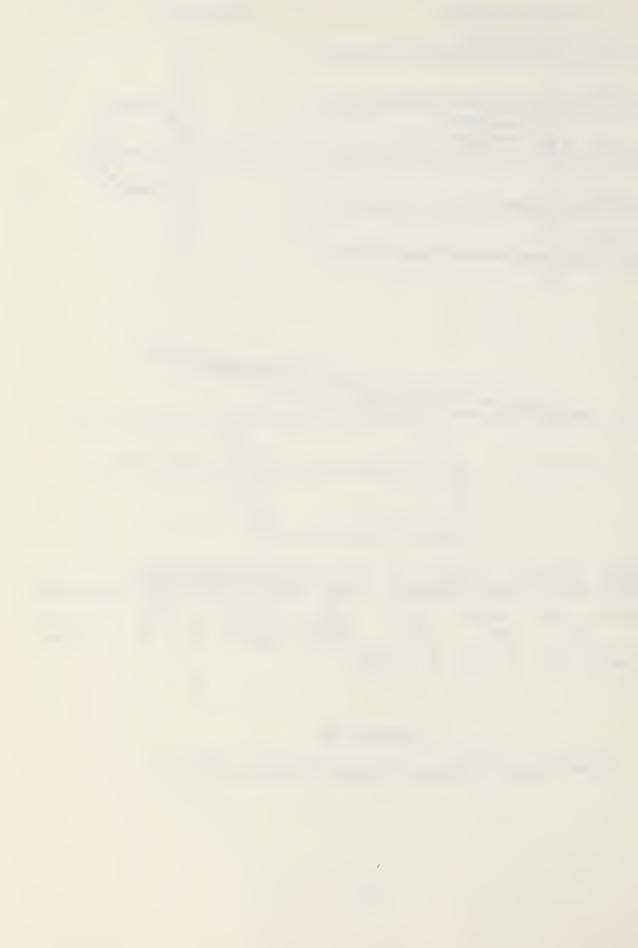


Figure 13B
Pilot Graphic Display (Broach Condition Exists)



V. IMPLEMENTATION

A. INTRODUCTION

Given the existence of a Real Time Simulation of a SES, a decision was made to refine that model using more accurate equations of motion, improved computer iteration time and operator hardware modifications. A complete description of the RTS5D is contained in Ref. 1, therefore only changes are discussed here, and included are the introduction of negative drag in a sea state, propulsion dynamics, speed control and a broach condition warning in software. Hardware modification included changing the thruster control box to make it more accessable to an operator.

B. REQUIREMENTS

The following criteria were required of the remodeled RTS5D.

- 1) The refined simplified equations of motion would be solved and the results output on a real time basis.
- 2) The solution would be subject to real time control efforts generated by an operator observing the output.
- 3) Computer iteration time was required to be less than 100 ms.

A more complex discussion of condition 3) is presented in Appendix A.



C. HARDWARE DESCRIPTION

The hardware arrangement in block diagram form is shown in Fig. 14. The only change to the RTS5D was the redesign and relocation of the thruster console to the pilots seat where it can be more conveniently utilized by the operator. The thruster console uses "linear movement" potentiometers in place of previously used "dial" potentiometers in order to more realistically simulate thrust controls for the SES. The thruster console is shown in Fig. 15.

D. SOFTWARE DESCRIPTION

The remodeled software package was a FORTRAN IV digital program which consisted of a main graphics program and three major subroutines. It was necessary to make a third subroutine out of the equations of motion computation that had previously resided in the main program prior to making any changes to these equations. It was discovered when the first program modifications were attempted that the compiler for the XDS-9300 computer was operating at its limit with the program as it then existed, therefore, before changes to the equations could be implemented, the program structure had to be modified. The failure mode was eliminated from the new model because of initial assumptions that the thrusts would be all applied at the same point. Thrust failures should not be considered until the model includes broaching dynamics which is a major source of thrust loss. The flow

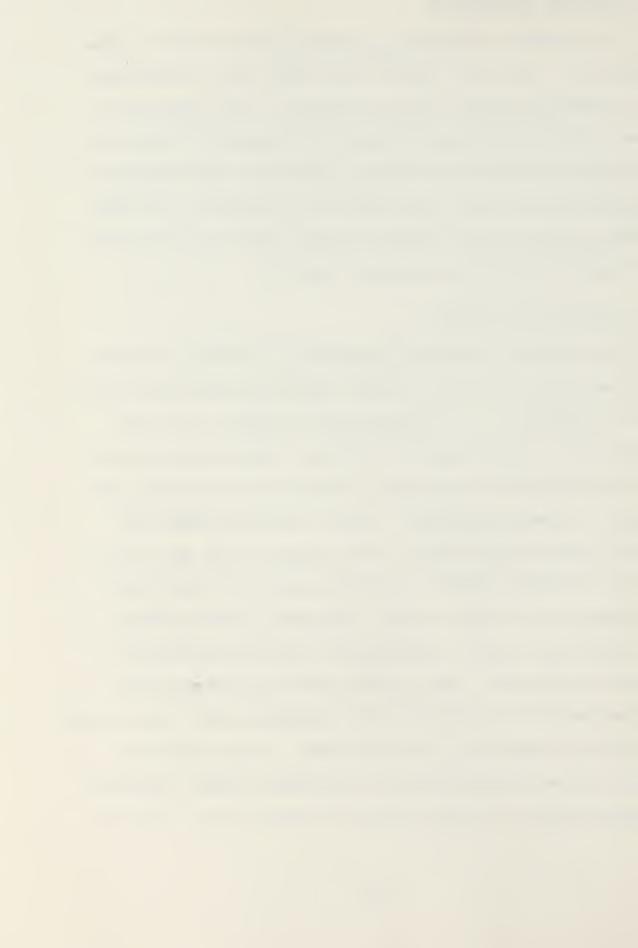


chart for the remodeled RTS5D is shown in Fig. 16. The complete multiplexing algorithm is shown in a flow chart in Fig. 17.



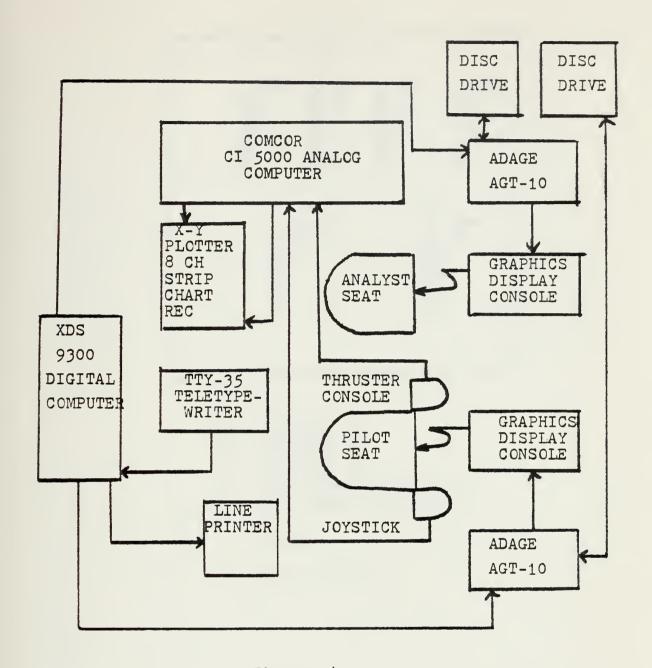
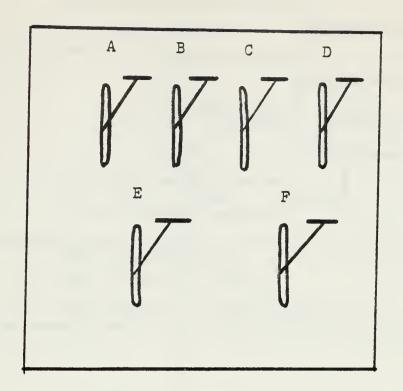


Figure 14
RTS5D Mod Block Diagram



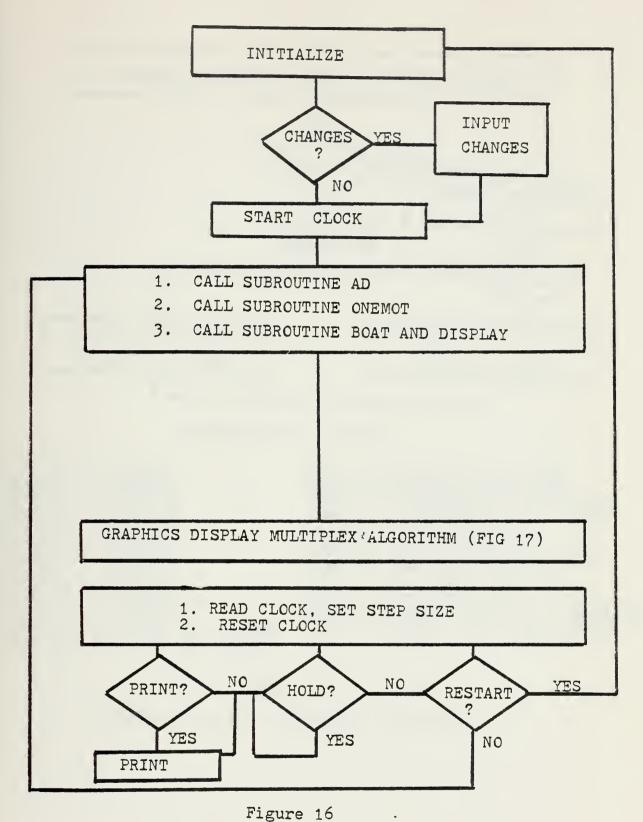


A - Thruster T7
B - Thruster T8
C - Thruster T9
D - Thruster T10
E - Speed Command Control
F - Run, Hold, Restart

Figure 15

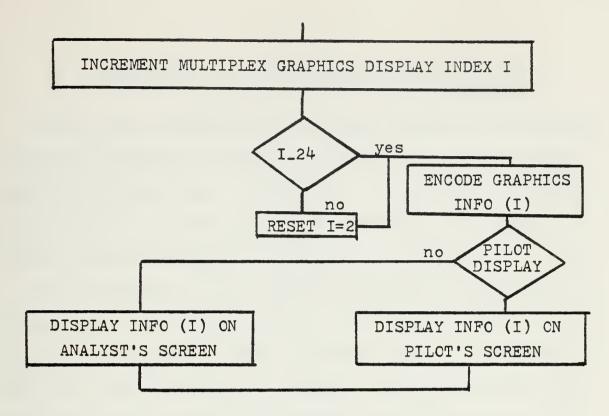
Thruster Console





RTS5D Mod Program Flow Chart



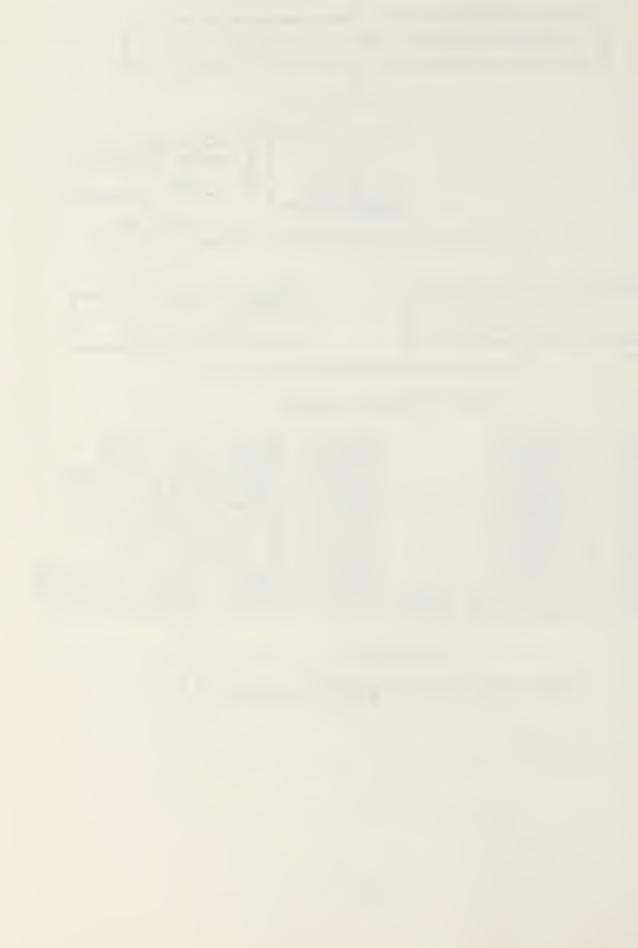


DESCRIPTION OF INFO(I)

INFO(1) u DYNAMICS	INFO(13) VELOCITY MAX VALUES
INFO(2) u DYNAMICS	INFO(14) VELOCITY MIN VALUES
INFO(3) v DYNAMICS	INFO(15) ACCELERATION MAX VALUES
INFO(4) v DYNAMICS	INFO(16) ACCELERATION MIN VALUES
INFO(5) r DYNAMICS	INFO(17) NAVIGATION DATA
INFO(6) r DYNAMICS	INFO(18) EFFECTOR/THRUSTER DATA
INFO(7) p DYNAMICS	INFO(19) SEA TRACK NAV PLOT
INFO(8) DYNAMICS	INFO(20) SEA TRACK NAV PLOT
INFO(9) q DYNAMICS	INFO(21) PRESENT POSITION VARIABLES
INFO(10) q DYNAMICS	INFO(22) PRESENT VELOCITY VAREABLES
INFO(11) POSITION MAX VALUES	INFO(23) PRESENT ACCELERATION VAR.
INFO(12) POSITION MIN VALUES	

Figure 17

RTS5D MOD DISPLAY MULTIPLEX ALGORITHM



VI. RTS5D MODS I AND II RESPONSE CHARACTERISTICS

RTS5D MOD I includes negative drag effects in a sea state, simplified propulsion dynamics, speed control and a broach condition warning flag. RTS5D MOD II is identical to MOD I except that it includes the correction factor for thrust effector angle developed in Chapter IV, Section E.

The validation of the modified RTS5D was accomplished in the same manner as the RTS5D. (See Chapter III). The results are displayed in the following tables. A complete 360° turn comparison of the DBSIM5D, the RTS5D and the modified RTS5D at 50 knots, 15° thruster angle in shown in Fig. 18. Additionally, a comparison of transient response was undertaken and the time of first peak for the variable v, r, and 9 for each model was graphed in Figs. 19-21 for speeds of 40, 50 and 60 knots. Transient response characteristics are an important consideration in the development of a real time model and are discussed in Appendix A. The transient response of the RTS5D models was faster than that of the data base model with the exception of roll angle (\$\phi\$). This impacted on the validity of a real time solution of the equations of motion and the display of the results.

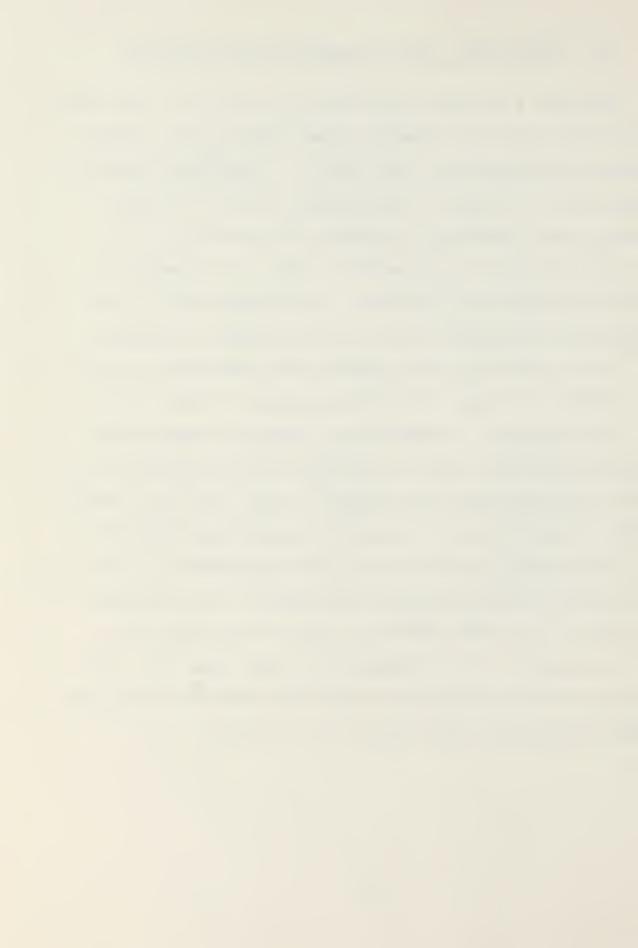


TABLE IV

RTS5D Mod I and Mod II Performance Test at #0 Knots

effector angle	R'	TS5D Mod	I	RTS5D Mod II			
		ф	in degrees	ф			
5°	1st pk .52		Qss .45	lst pk .40	Qss .38		
10°	.96		.92	.79	.76		
		θ	in degrees	θ			
5°	1st pk 1.21		Qss 1.17	1st pk 1.20	Qss 1.18		
10°	1.20		1.18	1.20	1.18		
		u	in ft/sec	u			
5°	1st pk 62.56		Qss 62.64	1st pk 62.58	Qss 67.65		
10°	n/a		61.37	n/a	61.71		
		v	in ft/sec	v			
5°	1st pk 2.62		Qss 2.47	1st pk 2.33	Qss 2.27		
10°	3.53		3.52	3.23	3.20		
		r	in degrees/sec r				
5°	lst pk		Qss .59	1st pk .57	Qss .54		
10°	1.18		1.22	1.04	1.09		



TABLE V

RTS5D Mod I and Mod II Performance Test at 50 Knots

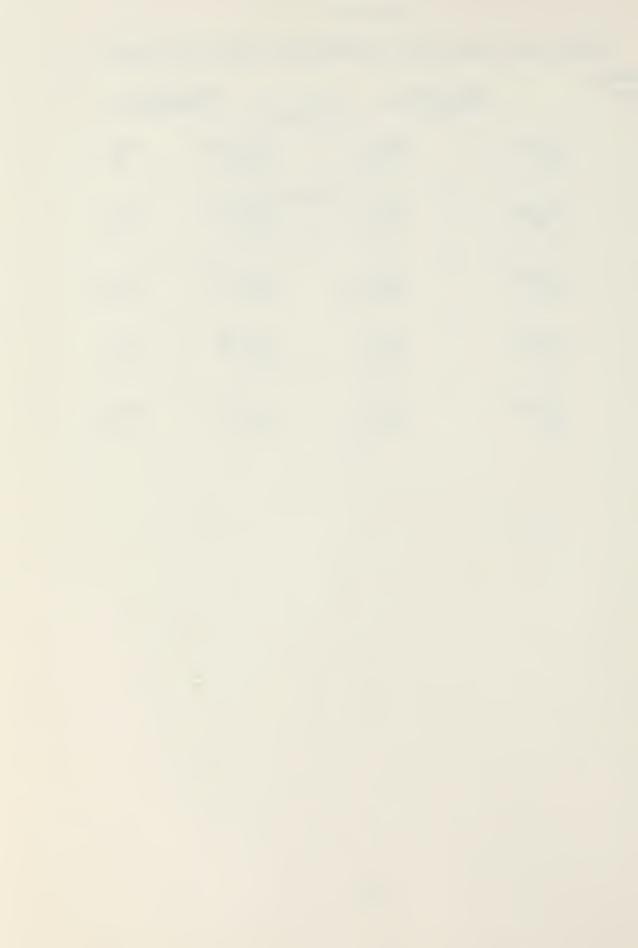
effector angle	RT	S5D Mod	I		RTS 5	D Mod II	-
ug = 0		ф		degrees			-
5°	1st pk		Qss .39		1st pk .43		Qss .39
10°	.90		.82		.83		.78
15°	1.31		1.36		1.24		1.19
		θ	in	degrees	;	θ	
5°	1st pk 1.23		Qss 1.19		1st pk 1.23		Qss 1.20
10°	1.24		1.19		1.23		1.20
15°	1.24		1.18		1.23		1.19
		u	in	ft/sec		u	
5°	1st pk n/a		Qss 82.73		lst pk n/a		Qss 82.98
10°	n/a		78.68		n/a		79.55
15°	n/a		68.30		n/a		72.75
		ν	in	ft/sec		ν	
5°	1st pk 2.57		Qss 2.30		1st pk 2.39		Qss 2.29
10°	3.48		3.33		3.25		3.25
15°	4.13		4.29		3.98		4.00
		r	in degrees/sec r				
5°	1st pk .57		Qss .39		1st pk .49		Qss .41
10°	.96		.85		.88		.86
15°	1.31		1.62		1.25		1.41

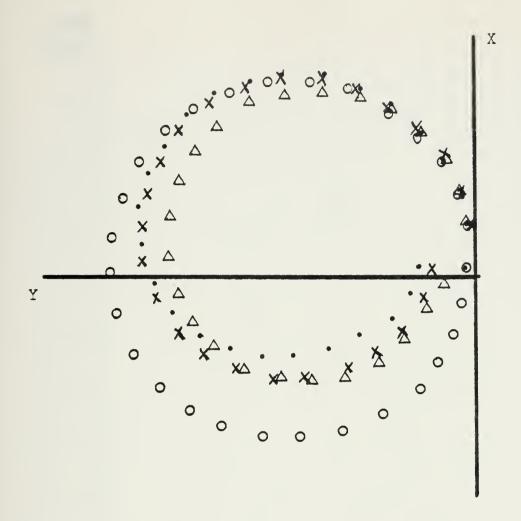


TABLE VI

RTS5D Mod I and Mod II Performance Test at 60 Knots

effector angle	<u>R'</u>	TS5D Mo		degree		5D Mo	d II
5°	1st pk .53		Qss .39		lst pk		Qss .41
5°	1st pk 1.23	θ	Qss 1.20		es Lst pk L.24	θ	Qss 1.20
5°	lst pk n/a	u	Qss 100.21		lst pk n/a	u	Qss 99.59
5°	1st pk 2.64	ν	Qss 2.29		lst pk 2.49	v	Qss 2.35
5°	1st pk	r	Qss .32		lst pk .46	r	Qss .36





 $u_0 = 50 \text{ knots}$ $z = 15^{\circ}$ (effector angle) 10 second intervals

O RTS5D
DBSIM5D

• RTS5D MOD I * RTS5D MOD II

Figure 18

360 Turn Comparison of Four Models



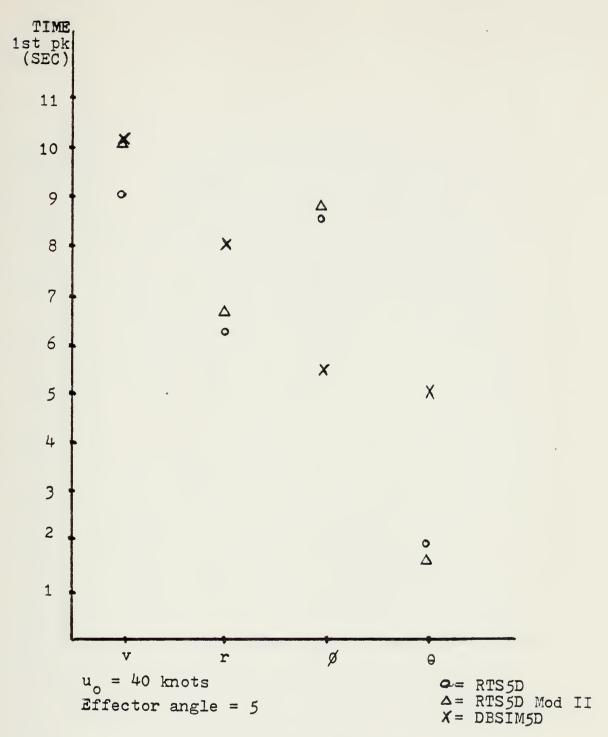
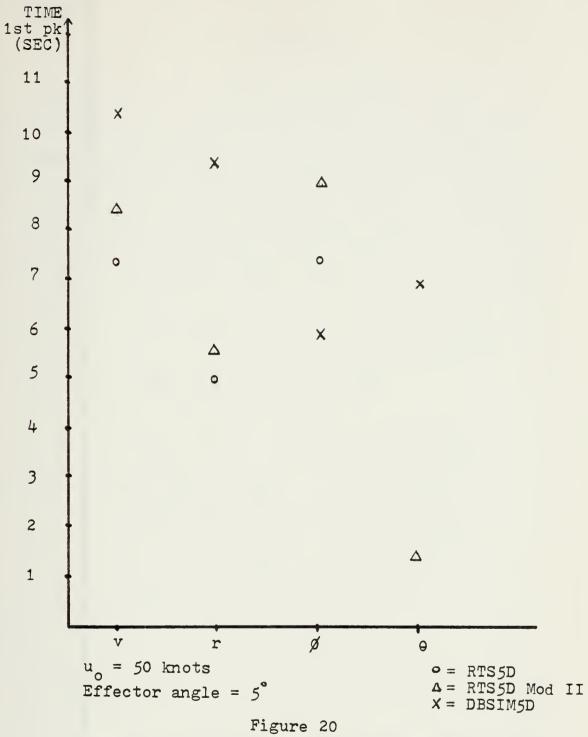


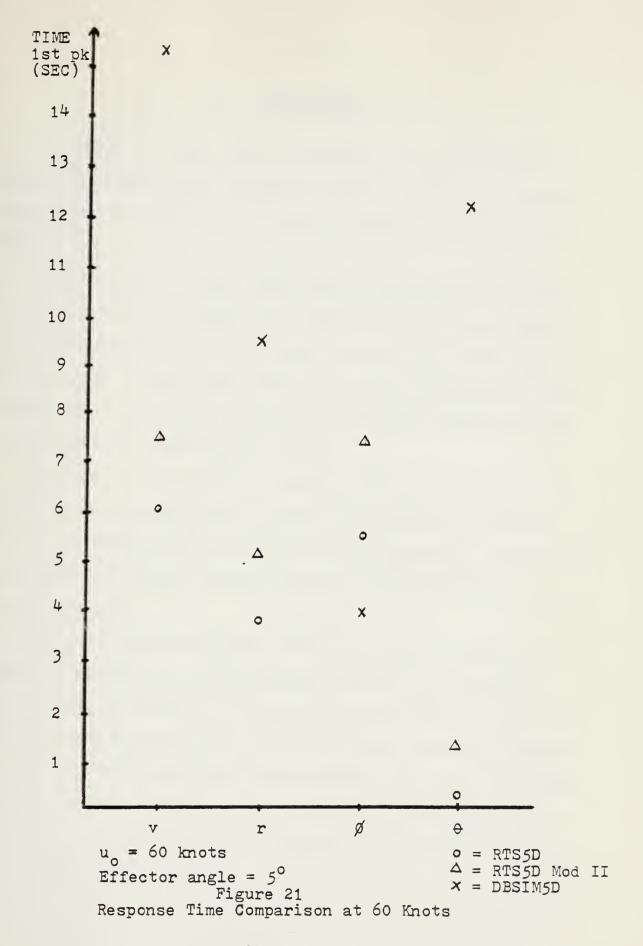
Figure 19
Response Time Comparison at 40 Knots





Response Time Comparison at 50 Knots







VII. CONCLUSIONS

The RTS5D has been shown in Section VI to be a viable input/output model of a 3K-SES by closely matching its output characteristics for a given input to those of the data base model.

The refinement of the right side of the simplified equations of motion, especially the inclusion of the negative drag characteristic in a sea state has made the model more accurate over a wide speed range and gives the operator, upon program initialization, the ability to choose different drag characteristics caused by sea state.

The model was tested in a negative drag region with automatic speed control and simplified propulsion dynamics and it was demonstrated that by properly adjusting controller gains that the output characteristics of the DBSIM5D were closely matched.

Previously conducted thrust failure analysis with man generated corrective action has been shown to be invalid until broach dynamics are included into the model. Previous tests allowed maximum thrust effector angle correction regardless of this consideration. The modified version of the RTS5D does not include complete broach dynamics but does warn the operator if he should exceed a maximum thrust effector angle for a given forward speed.



The 3K-SES may be operated in the negative drag slope speed region approximately (36-58) knots without the aid of a speed controller but would require constant manual modulation of the thrusters. Since minimum manning is one of the criteria in 3K-SES design, a speed controller is necessary to free operator attention to other duties when operating in this speed range.

Another consideration of the implementation of the non-linear drag curves is that for a given sea state, two values of minimum drag can be determined, one in Region IV and one between Region II and Region III. Knowledge that drag can be lower in a particular operating region for fuel conservation is of prime importance.

It is recognized that a time delay exists in the solution of the equations of motion and a time delay exists in the graphical display of the solutions to the operator. Real time interaction between the man in the loop and the computer is achieved by setting the integration step size equal to the computer loop iteration time. Real time considerations are further discussed in Appendix A.



VIII. RECOMMENDATIONS

The following recommendations are made concerning future improvements in the RTS5D model.

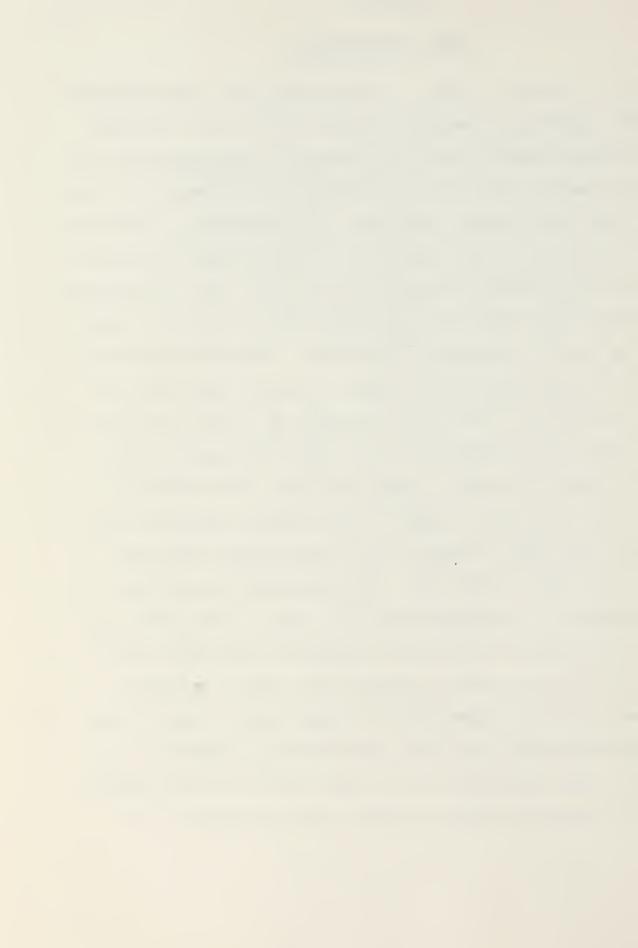
- 1. Further refinement of the right hand side of the equations of motion is necessary in order to more closely match the characteristics of the data base model.
- 2. Implement software broach dynamics in the model with thrust applied differentially at different lever arms (see Fig. 3) so that thrust failures and effectiveness of corrective action may be evaluated.
- 3. Rewrite the program such that the AGT-10's would provide asyncronous parallel graphics (existing equipment) or implement the model on a more modern system which uses parallel processing and improved graphics.
- 4. Introduce the sixth degree of freedom (heave) as a parallel operation. Since heave time constant is much faster than the rest of the system dynamics, real time heave analysis could be conducted simultaneously if cross coupling is neglected.
- 5. The system is designed for man in the loop interface, so further operator testing is recommended as a valuable source of information for future refinement of the model.



APPENDIX A

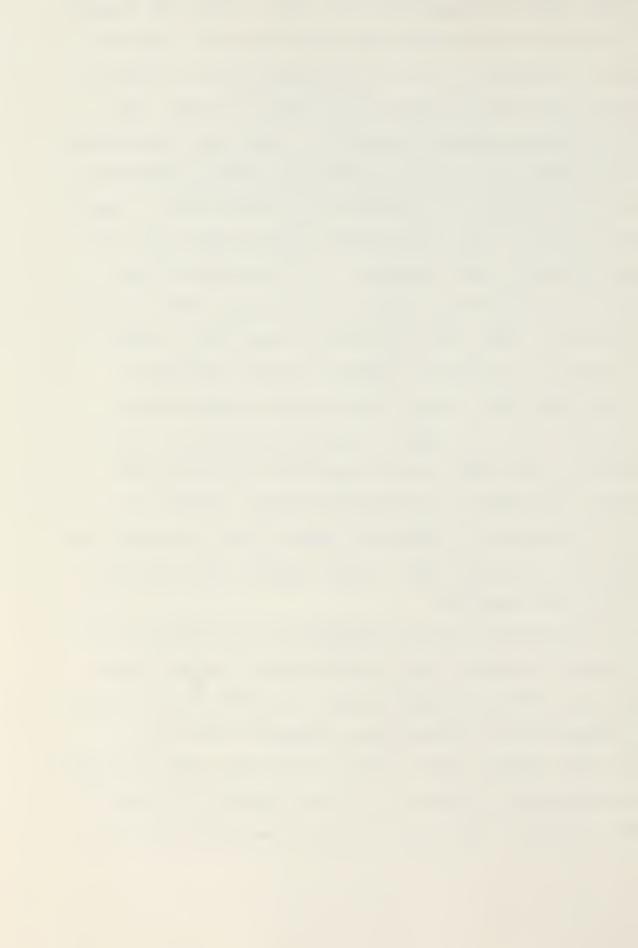
REAL TIME ANALYSIS

T. S. Nelson, in Ref. 1, accomplished real time solution of SES equations of motion with the use of a 1000 Hz clock to measure computer iteration time and by using that time as an integration step size for rectangular integration to solve the simplified dynamic equations. He concluded, by comparing the solutions of these equations to that obtained by using a Runga Kutta variable integration step size, that the computer iteration loop time must stay below 100 ms in order to maintain at least 3% accuracy of solution. He further developed a multiplexing algorithm in order to output these solutions to an operator in the form of graphics on a real time basis. This model can be invalidated as a real time model in two ways. First, in order to have real time, the integration step size used must be equal to the computer iteration time and in this model, because of the multiplexing algorithm, each loop time is different. The integration step size, dt determined by measuring loop N is used to solve the equations in loop N+1, which has a different loop time, therefore the solutions are not exactly real time. Secondly, the multiplexing scheme makes the model into a sampled data system with sample time (Ts) approximately 2 seconds. Even if the first condition did not apply and real time solutions to the equations could be assumed, then the output to the



operator would be sampled real time data. Given the fastest time constant for the RTS5D simplified equations (approximately 1.3 seconds for pitch rotational motion), it can be seen that the Nyquist Criteria is clearly violated. Yet even with these obvious limitations, it has been demonstrated that the RTS5D can closely reproduce the output characteristics of the DBSIM5D and therefore is a useful model. Surge speed as well as sway, yaw and roll (Figs. 21-23) have much longer effective time constants. It is recognized that there is a delay between the real time of any event and the observation of that event, therefore "Real Time" as used in this report is a matter of degree, or more specifically how much delay time between solution and display can be tolerated. Given the scale of graphics presented to the operator in this model and the speed with which the SES responds, the RTS5D is an acceptable model, however it would be desirable to reduce the sample time T and make the integration step size equal to the computer loop iteration time for each iteration.

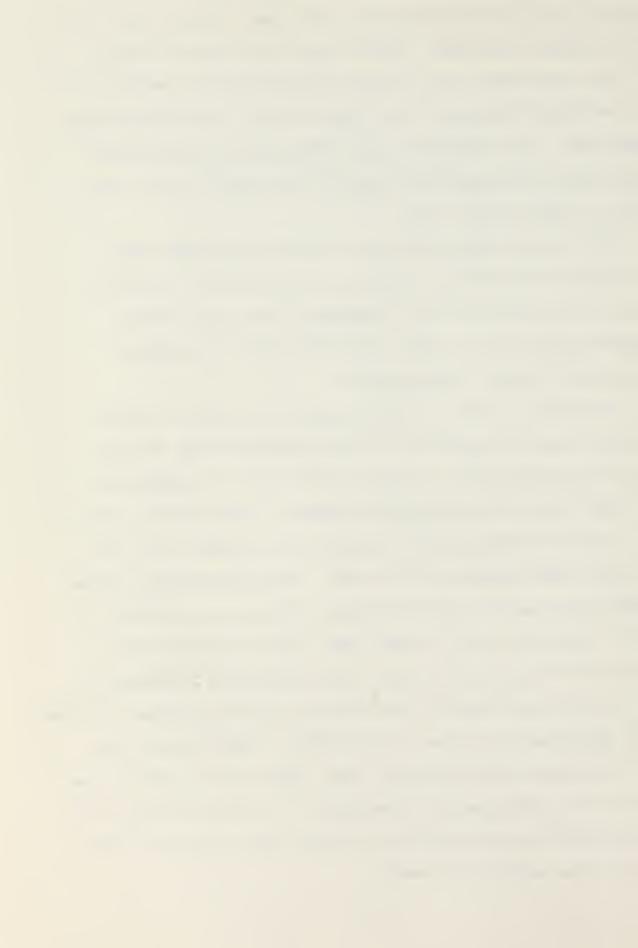
An algorithm to set the integration step size equal to the computer iteration time of the current loop was implemented as a software design change to the RTSS D model. This was accomplished by defining the integration step size as an array DELT(N) with N equal to the total number of iterations necessary to display all of the graphical information to the operator. Each loop iteration time was measured and



stored in this array during the first pass through the multiplexing algorithm. DELT(N) was initialized at zero so that time would not increment and integration would not be performed during the first pass through the multiplexing algorithm. On subsequent passes through the multiplexing algorithm the integration step size was equal to the loop time in which it was used.

This timing algorithm when tested in the RTS5D model was found to accurately represent real time but the deviation from previously used integration step size values caused instability in both the pitch and roll dynamics. This needs further investigation.

Sturgeon, in Ref. 8, demonstrated the value of using parallel array processors to reduce computational time in real time simulations. Such a model could be designed for the RTSSD using the existing equipment. The AGT-10's which are used for displaying the output can interface with the XDS-9300 main computer in two ways. The multiplexing scheme of the RTSSD uses a "hand shaking" method with a GRAPHO or TEXTO subroutine call in each loop. It is precisely the inclusion of graphics in each loop that causes problems for real time presentation. The solution of the equations requires only approximately 35 ms. Each GRAPHO or TEXTO call, with its associated "hand shaking" time, makes up the rest of the loop time, approximately 40 ms more. It can be seen that by introducing two such calls in one loop that the 100 ms time restriction would be exceeded.



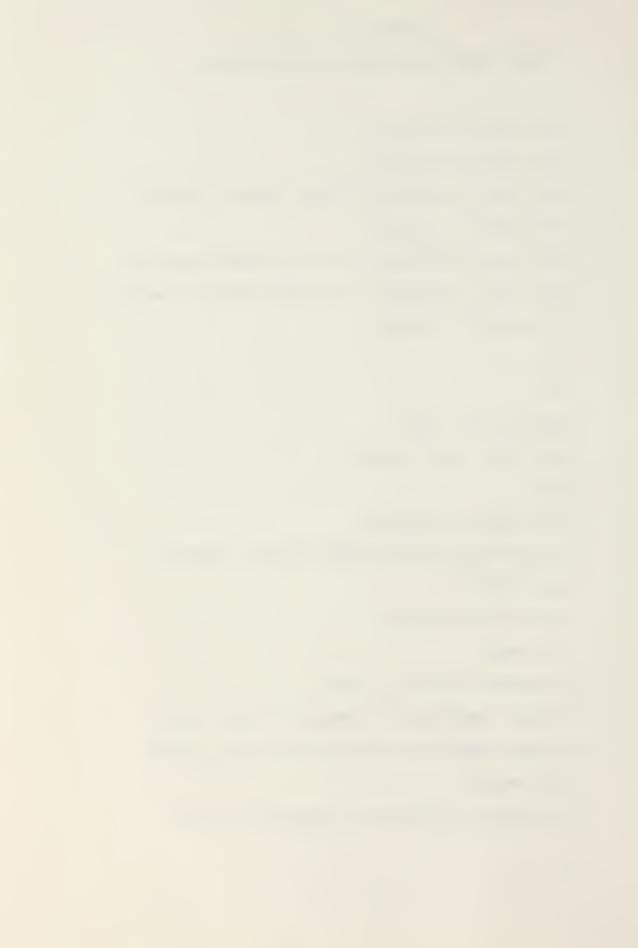
An improvement to this method would be to use the second interface between the AGT-10's and the XDS-9300 which is that the AGT-10's have a direct connection to some memory locations in XDS-9300. By solving the dynamics for the SES and storing the data in these memory addresses in the form of arrays, the AGT-10's could be made to operate asyncronously in parallel as array processors by using a process known as "cycle stealing" to fetch the data from the XDS-9300 and to display this on the screen for the operator. This process would have the advantage of reducing and making more uniform the computer iteration time used as the step size for the rectangular integration in the solution of the SES equations The sample time would also be reduced because all of motion. of the time wasted in the "hand shaking" is eliminated. It's drawback is that the output is not truely real time because of the asyncronous operation of the AGT-10's. However, the reduced sampled data time and computer iteration time would make it a closer approximation of real time than presently exists.



APPENDIX E

RTS5D MODIFIED PROGRAM NOMENCLATURE

A11	A/D trunk 500 voltage				
A21	A/D trunk 501 voltage				
A22	Added mass coefficient in yaw moment equation				
A31	A/D trunk 502 voltage				
A33	Added mass coefficient in roll moment equation				
A34	Added mass coefficient in pitch moment equation				
A41_	A/D trunk 503 voltage				
ABSYD	Yo				
ABSYOD	Ý _o				
AD	array of A/D lines				
A1COA	speed line index counter				
AM	mass				
APITCH	pitch angle in degrees				
APRINT	# iterations between print execute commands				
ARR	Real IARR (1)				
ARATE	turn rate in degrees				
AROLL	roll angle				
ASTOP	performance index J ₁ limit				
AXST	initial condition X-coordinate on sea track				
AYST	initial condition Y-coordinate on sea track				
BETA	drift angle				
BOAT	subroutine to generate perspective of SES				



CASST automatic speed control mode indicator

CDP bow real forces lumped coefficient

CDX(;) drag forces lumped coefficients

CDY sway forces lumped coefficient

CDZP sidewall rolling moment lumped ceofficient

DAL digital to analog call

DELT iteration loop time

DELTA commanded iteration loop time

DFCCM total change in fuel command from speed comtroller

DFCCM 1 change in fuel command due to proportional speed

controller

DFCCM 2 change in fuel command due to proportional speed

controller

DTIME v time

DTIMPLT scaled value for v

DUCCM difference between ucom and u

DXPLOT same as DTIMPLT

DYPLOT scaled value for v

DYREPET restart value for v

EFLG error flag for TEXTO call

ETIME r time

EYREPET restart value for r

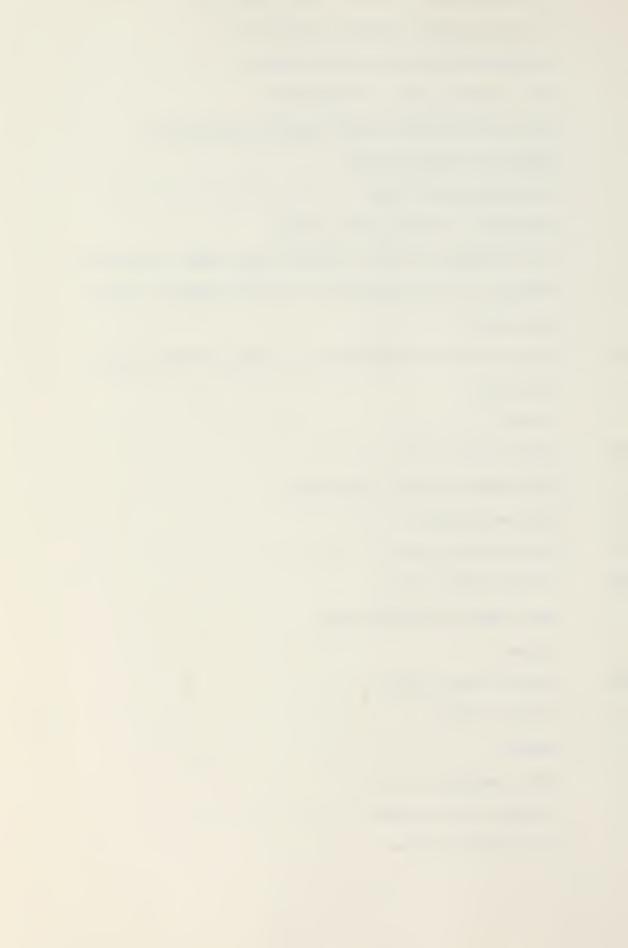
EXPLOT scaled r time

EYPLOT scaled r

F1 stern buoyancy force

F2 bow seal pitch force

F3 bow buoyance force



FCCM fuel command

FSP port sidewall buoyancy force

FSS starboard sidewall buoyancy force

FTIME v time

FTIMPLT scaled v time

FXPLOT same as FTIMPLT

FYPLOT scaled v

FYREPET restart value for v

G gravitational acceleration

GRAPHO subroutine to project image (non alpha-numeric)

GTIME R time

GTIMPLT scaled R time

GXPLOT same asGTIMPLT

GYPLOT scaled R

GYREPET restart R value

H(;) dynamics maximum and minimum array

HEAD craft heading

HOLD subroutine to freeze display/program

HTIME u time

HTIMPLT scaled u time

HYREPET analog restart y coordinate on sea track

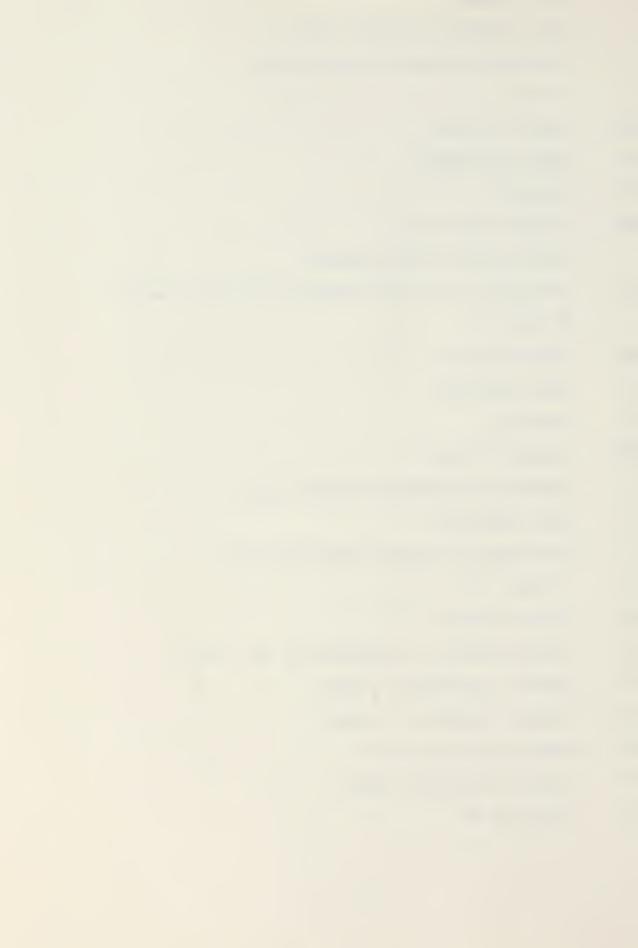
HYSESX analog y position of craft

HYSESY analog x position of craft

IARR(1) digitized mode selector

IARR(2) digitized effector angle

IARR(3) digitized T7



IARR(4) digitized T8

IARR(5) digitized T9

IARR(6) digitized T10

IARR(7) digitized surge velocity command

ICO multiplex graphics index

ICCA speed line index

ICRAFT vehicle designator

IER error flag

IIPR time history limit

IIPRD time history limit

IIPRE time history limit

IIPRF time history limit

IIPRG time history limit

IIPRH time history limit

IIPRC time history limit

IIPRP time history limit

IIPRQ time history limit

IIPRR time history limit

IIPRS time history limit

IIX print counter

IJ craft perspective counter

IJA craft perspective counter

IJAD time history counter

IJAE time history counter

IJAF time history counter

IJAG time history counter

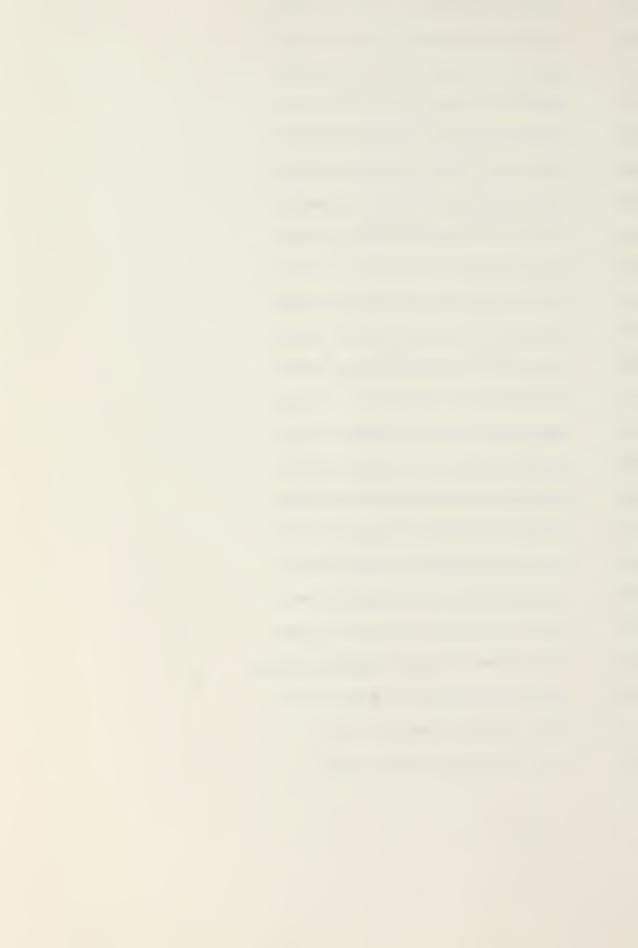
IJAH time history counter



IJAO	time history counter
IJAP	time history counter
IJAQ	time history counter
IJAR	time history counter
IJAS	time history counter
IJD	time history counter
IJE	time history counter
IJF	time history counter
IJG	time history counter
IJH	time history counter
IJO	time history counter
IJP	time history counter
IJQ	time history counter
IJR	time history counter
IJS	time history counter
IL	graphics console display array
ILAl	graphics console display array
ILA2	graphics console display array
ILA3	graphics console display array
ILA4	graphics console display array
ILA5	graphics console display array
ILA6	graphics console display array
ILA7	graphics console display array
ILA8	graphics console display array
ILA9	graphics console display array
ILA10	graphics console display array



ILA11	graphics	console	display	array
ILA12	graphics	console	display	array
ILA13	graphics	console	display	array
ILA14	graphics	console	display	array
ILA15	graphics	console	display	array
ILA16	graphics	console	display	array
ILA17	graphics	console	display	array
ILA18	graphics	console	display	array
ILA19	graphics	console	display	array
ILA20	graphics	console	display	array
ILA21	graphics	console	display	array
ILAZ2	graphics	console	display	array
ILA23	graphics	console	display	array
ILA24	graphics	console	dispLay	array
ILA25	graphics	console	display	array
ILA26	graphics	console	display	array
IL A27	graphics	console	display	array
IL A28	graphics	console	display	array
ILA29	graphics	console	display	array
ILAP	graphics	console	display	array
IPACK	subroutin	ne to loa	ad displa	ay arrays
IPLOT	graphics	console	display	array
IPR	time hist	cory cour	nter limi	it
IPRD	time hist	ory cour	nter limi	it



IPRE time history counter limit IPRF time history counter limit IPRG time history counter limit IPRH time history counter limit IPRO time history counter limit IPRP time history counter limit IPRO time history counter limit IPRR time history counter limit IPRS time history counter limit ISWA display array subroutine to display alpha-numeric data ITEXT IVEIWA craft perspective/north road array IVIEWAA sea track array sea track axis array IVIEWB IVIEWC u time history array IVIEWD v time history array IVIEWE r time history array IVIEWF v time history array IVIEWG r time history array IVIEWH u time history array IVIEWO p time history array

IVIEWP q time history array p time history array IVIEWO

IVIEWR q time history array

analog sea track array IVIEWS

time history axis array IVIEWZ



XI x axis moment of inertia J time history counter JD time history counter JE time history counter JF time histroy counter JG time history counter JH time history counter JO time history counter JP time history counter time history counter JQ time history counter JR JS time history counter K. proportional speed controller gain KK intregal speed controller gain L3 lever arm for buoyancy force draft of sidewall LD side thrust lever arm LP LZ lever arm for sway drag force N clock interrupt count NAD AD trunk line array ONEMOT subroutine to calculate SES dynamics 00 lever arm for thrust side component OTIME p time OTIMPLT scaled p time

OXPLOT same as OTIMPLT OYPLOT scaled p OYREPET restart p value



P roll rate

PB plenum pressure

PDCT roll acceleration

PDOTM max roll acceleration

PHI roll angle

PMAX max roll rate

PSI craft heading

PTIME q time

PTIMPLT scaled q time

PXPLCT same as PTIMPLT

PYPLCT scaled q

PYREPET restart q value

Q pitch rate

QDCT pitch acceleration

QDCTM max q

QMAX max q

QTIME p time

QTIMPLT scaled p time

QXPLCT same as QTIMPLT

QYPLOT scaled p value

QYREPET restart p value

R craft turn rate r

RDOT r

RDOTM max r

READCLOCK subroutine to sample real time clock



RESET subroutine to reset analog computer

RHO density of water

RMAX maximum yaw rate of craft

RTIME q rate

RTIMPLT scaled q time

 \mathbf{RX} $\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{X}}$

RXPLCT same as RTIMPLT

RY I_Y

RYPLOT scaled q value

RYREPET restart q value

RZ I_Z

SEAST sea state

SESX scaled Xo

SESY scaled Yo

SF1 scale factor in time history arrays

SF14 scale factor in time history arrays

SLIP Beta influence coefficient

SPDLIN speedline lower screen limit

SPEED Craft's velocity in knots

STARTCLCCK subroutine to start clock

STIME analog time

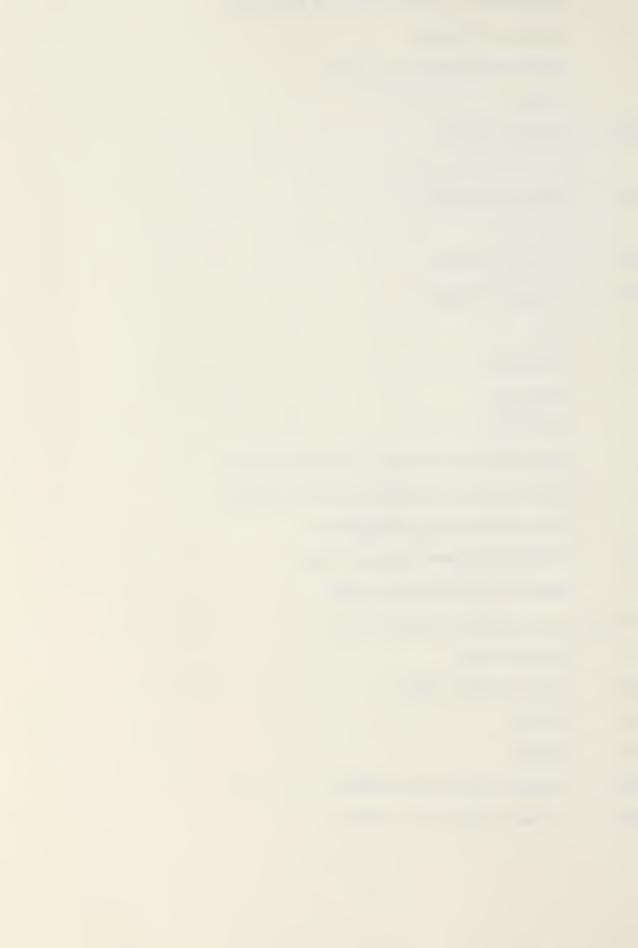
STIMPLT scaled analog time

SXPLOT HYSESX

SYPLOT HYSESY

SXREPET restart value for HYSESX

SYREPET restart value for HYSESY



T total thrust

T10 thruster number 4

T10MAX max T10 value

T7 thruster number 1

T7MAS max T7 value

T8 thruster number 2

T8MAX max value of T8

T9 thruster number 3

T9MAX max value of T9

TEXTO subroutine to display alpha-numeric data

TDOT T

THETA pitch angle

TIM u time

TIME time

TIMPLT scaled TIM

TINT real clock interrupt frequency

TITLE program name display array

TITLEO program name display array

TITLE1 program name display array

TM manual thrust command

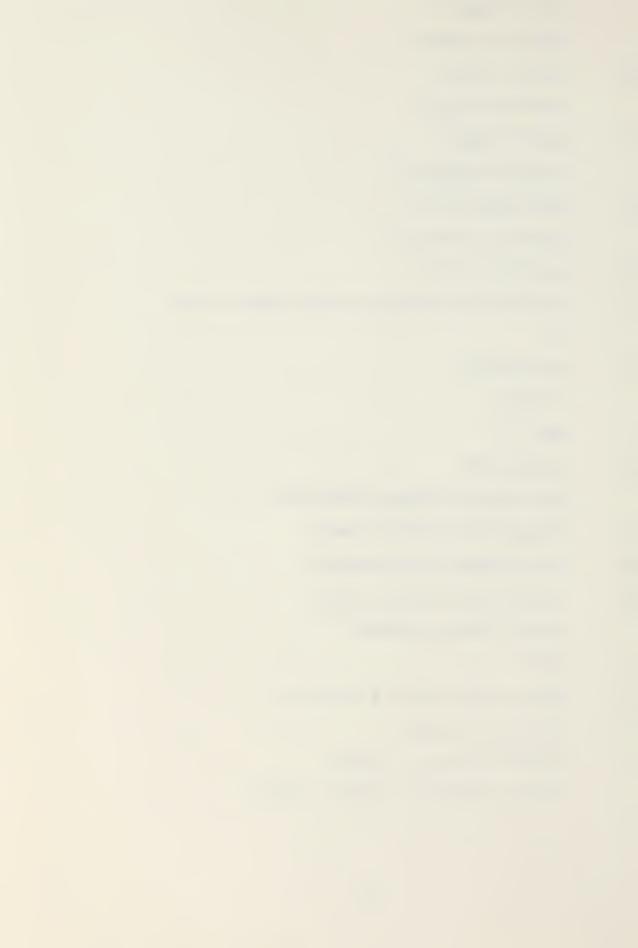
TMAX max T

TSIDE sum of side thrust components

TYAW sum of yaw moment

U forward velocity (surge)

UCOM forward velocity (surge) command



UDOT u

UDOTM max u

UMAX max u

UMUL scale factor in speedline generation

V side velocity (sway)

VCD thruster console pot array

VDOT v

VDOTM max v

VMAX max v

VS total velocity

W heave velocity

WDCT heave acceleration

WE width of bow seal

WRITECLOCK subroutine to assign clock interrupts to

variable

WW lever arm for sway drag forces

X Y O

XC X_o

XCDOT Xo

XDX boat perspective scale factor

XGX boat perspective scale factor

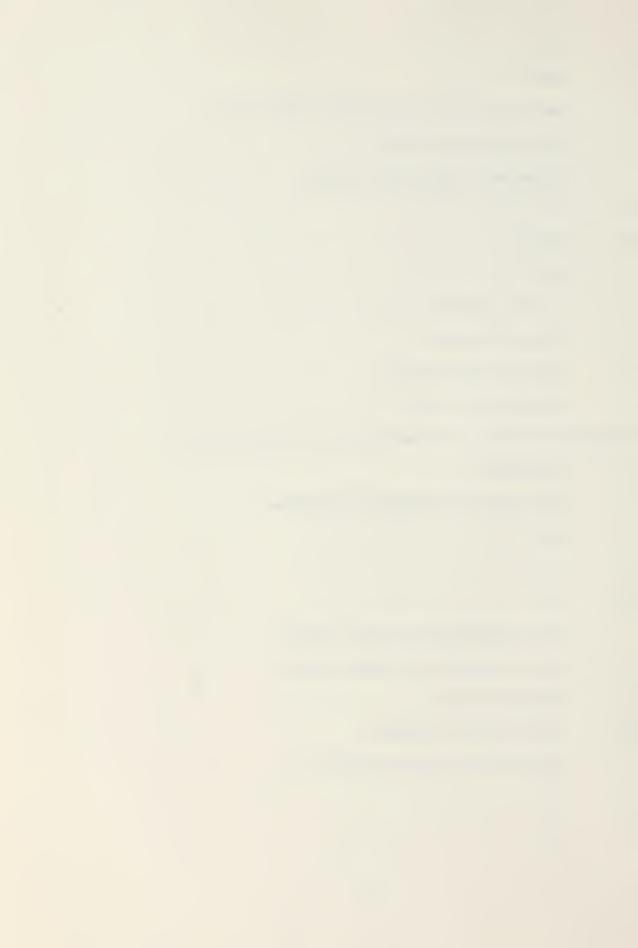
XPLOT display array

XREPET reset value for SESX

XST scale factor for analog plot

YO Yo

YODOT Yo



YHIGH point D vertical position constant

YPLOT display array

YREPET reset value for SESY

YST scale factor for analog plot

Z operational effector angle

Z2 upper effector angle limitation

23 lower effector angle limitation

Z4 zero angle upper limit

Z5 zero angle lower limit

ZAB scale factor for Z10

ZERC effector broach limit angle

ZI modified Z

ZZZZ fixed step effector angle input



APPENDIX C

RTS5D MODIFIED COMPUTER PROGRAM LISTING

```
EWZ(70)
3(24)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  (50)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      45
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C = 0.

X 0 = 0.

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Y 0 = 0.

Y 0 = 0.

Y 1 = 0.

Y 1 = 0.

Y 0 = 0.
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INPUT (101) CHANGES, ** + C

INPUT (101) CHANGES, ** + C

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CALL CIIN II (2, IPLOT, 29, IER

CALL CIIN II (2, IPLOT, 29, IER

CALL CIIN II (2, IPLOT, 29, IER)

IVIEWB (3) = IPACK (0.0, C.5, C)

IVIEWB (5) = IPACK (0.0, C, S, C, C)

IVIEWB (5) = IPACK (0.0, S, C, S, C)

IVIEWB (5) = IPACK (0.0, S, C, S,
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AX0=25.

AY0=25.

IIN1=10CC.

X6X=24.

XDX=24.

XBE-24.

XBE-24.

IN=0

J(1)=0

J(1)=0

J(2)=0

J(2)=0

YREPET(2)=C.9

APRINT=5.

K=25CC.C

KK=3.0

EFCCR2=C.0

EFCCR2=C.0
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(U.LT.121.))GU TU
(U.LT.138.))GU TU
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                                             .PS1160 TO 722
                                                  .PHI160 10 723
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CUNTINCE
1F(SENSE SWITCH 1)1C2,105
CGATINCE
1IX=IIX+1
IIX=IIX+1
IF(IIX.LI.APRINT)GO TO 7654
IIX=C
IIX=C
INMAT(6F12.5,2F3.1)
FURMAT(6F12.5,2F3.1)
CCNTINCE
CC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  CALL TEXTC(1,1LAP,24,34,1,1,3,1ER)
CUNTINLE
CENTINLE
CALL BCAT
IF(10.0 % | JARR(1)/(2**23)).GI.-.8)GO TO 2C80
GO TC 2072
IF(10.0 * JARR(1)/(2**23)).GI.-.5)GO TC 1111
IF(10.0 * JARR(1)/(2**23)).GI.-.5)GO TC 1111
IF(10.0 * JARR(1)/(2**23)).GI.-.4)GO TC 23
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  CRAFFE(1, IVIEWAA, IPR(1), 15, IEK)
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664 CUN INUE
666 CCNT INUE
1012 1 - 4 - 10 | 10 | 10 | 6 | 3 |
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```
DU 2C45 I=1,1PRD

DUIMEC(1)=0

DYREPET=DYPLOT

DYREPET=DYPLOT

JOBOC

JO
```



```
1 VIEWE (2) = IPACK (-0.9, FYREPET.)
1 VIEWE (2) = IPACK (-0.9, FYREPET.)
1 VIEWE (1) = IPACK (-0.9, FYREPET.)
1 VIEWE (1) = IPACK (-0.9, FYREPET.)
2 U. 2 (2.2) | = IJAF. IPRF
2 U. 2 (2.2) | = IJAF. IPRF
2 U. 2 (2.2) | = IJAF. IIPRF
2 U. 2 (2.2) | E. IJAF. IIPRF
3 U. 2 (2.2) | E. IJAF. IIPRF
4 U. 3 (2.2)
```



```
JH=JH+1

JH=JH+1

JH=JH+1

JH=JH+1

JJH=JH+1

JJH=JH+1

JJH=JH+1

HT IMELT = HTIME/SFI) - SFI4

HTIMELT = HTIME/SFI) - SFI4

HYPLCT = (LCCT/(10.*UCCTM))+0.9

IVIEWH(3) = IPACK(-.9, HYREPET, D)

IVIEWH(4) = IVACK(-.9, HYREPET, D)

IVIEWH(1) = CONTINUE

2049 IVIEWH(1) = C

HYREPET = IVYELCT

JH=C

ZO37 CONTINUE

CALL GRAFFOTI INFH

CALL GRAFFOTI INFH

CALL GRAFFOTI INFT

JOG 4+JO

JJG 5+JO

JJG 6+JO

JJG 6+JO

JJG 6+JO

JJG 6+JO

JJG 6+JO

JJG 7+JO

JJG
```



```
1 JC = C

2065 CALL GK PFC (1, IVIEWC, IPRC, 8, IER)

6 28 CALL GK PFC (1, IVIEWC, IPRC, 8, IER)

1 JP = JP + I

1 JP = JP + I

1 JP = 1 JF + I

2061 IVIEWF (1) = 0

2061 IVIEWF
```



```
2.052 IVIEWG(1) = C

2.052 IVIEWG(1) = C

2.052 IVIEWG(1) = C

CYTEFE = CYPLOT

100 = C

100
```



```
653
600
636
                    635
                          110
                            1:9
                                869
                                   569
                                     115
                                           1 50
                                 109
        2064
           2074
                              301
                                       946
                                         -
```



```
, A33, RX, F1, F2,
Y, YST, UMAX, XGX,
                                      , I , AM
120
       643
         118
                      740
                         141
                           142
                              019
                 7
  90
            40
                 9
```



```
(ICCA/514.)*.2)*XDX*R)
(ICOA/514.)*0.2)
(ICCA/514.)*0.2)-(((ICOA/514.)*.2)*XDX*R)
                                                                                                                                                                                - (((1COA/514.)*.2) * XG X*R)
ICUA = ICCA+1.+(AICCBA*(L/UPAX))

YIYD = (ICCA/514.)*(-1.0)+(TFETA)-0.14

XIXD = (XIXB-0.13)-((ICGA/514.)*0.2)

XIXD = (XIXB-0.13)-((ICGA/514.)*0.2)-(((ICGA/514.)*X)

XIXE = XIXB-0.13)-((ICGA/514.)*0.2)-(((ICGA/514.)*X)

XIXE = XIXB+0.13-((ICGA/514.)*.2)*XGX*K)

XIXE = XIXA+0.13-((ICGA/514.)*.2)*XGX*K)

XIXE = XIXA+0.13-((ICGA/514.)*0.2)-(((ICGA/514.)*X)

XIXE = XIXA+0.13-((ICGA/514.)*X)

XIXE = XIXA+0.13-((ICGA/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        5 * S IN (YOREF)
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IF (ROAC4X

GC TC 32

CON IN LF

ROAD4X=1.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      GU TC 32
CONTINCE
ROAD4X=-1
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RCADIX=-.
IF (RCACIX
IF (ROACIX
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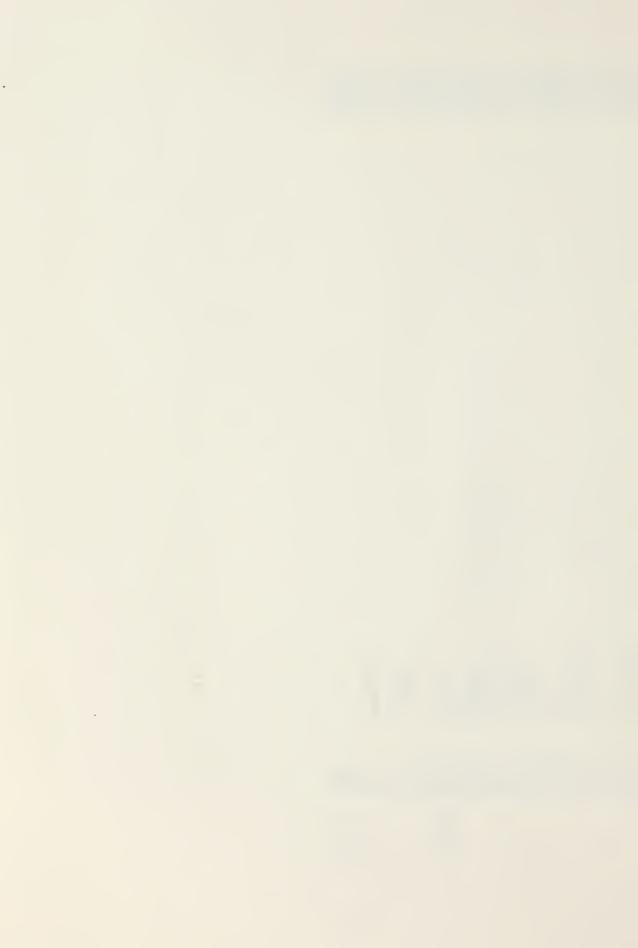


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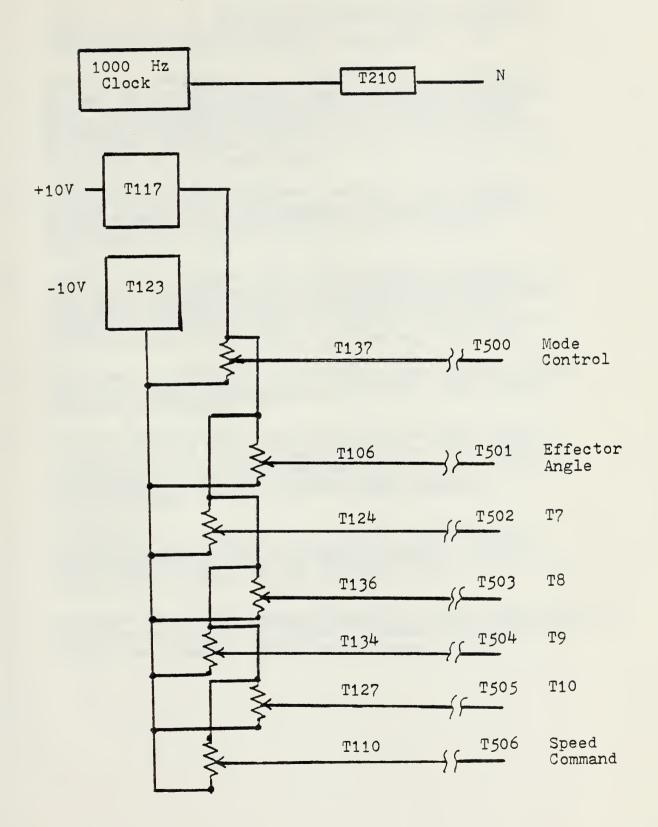
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Appendix D

RTS5D Modified Wiring Diagram





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